

USER GUIDE

MARKET ACCESS MAP



IMPROVING TRANSPARENCY IN INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND MARKET ACCESS

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ACRONYMS

AfDB - African Development Bank

AVE – ad valorem equivalent

CARICOM – Caribbean Community

CTS – Consolidated Tariff Schedule

EU – European Union

GSP – Generalised System of Preferences

HS – Harmonized System

ITC – International Trade Centre

NTL – national tariff line

NAV – non-ad valorem

NTMs – non-tariff measures

MAcMap – Market Access Map

MFN – most favoured nation

ROO – rules of origin

SITC – Standard International Trade Classification

TSIs – trade support institutions

TRAINS – Trade Analysis INformation System

UN Comtrade – United Nations Commodity Trade Statistics Database

UNCTAD – United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

UNSD – United Nations Statistics Division

WTO – World Trade Organisation

WTP – World Tariff Profile

INTRODUCTION TO MARKET ACCESS MAP

WHY?

In the increasingly globalised world economy, understanding market access conditions is essential for companies, [trade support institutions \(TSIs\)](#) and trade policy makers.

Exporting firms scan the global market for new opportunities and importers scan for potential new suppliers. To succeed, they must address several questions:

- What customs tariffs do my products face around the world?
- What [rules of origin \(ROO\)](#) do I need to comply with in order to qualify for a [preferential tariff](#) rate?
- Which are the [non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#) that affect my trade?

TSIs need to set priorities for trade promotion by identifying promising products and import markets. To do so, they face another set of questions:

- For what products does my country have an advantage in terms of market access?
- Is my country fully utilising existing preferential [tariff regimes](#)?
- Can my **country** import from alternative suppliers to minimise import tariffs?

Trade policy makers must understand their country's market access profiles vis-à-vis their trading partners. They also need to anticipate future changes in tariff regimes and identify favourable scenarios. Trade policy makers and trade negotiators need to answer questions like:

- How does my country compare with my competitors in terms of market access?
- What products and markets are most sensitive for my country in terms of current trade negotiations?
- What modalities for tariff reductions would be favourable for my country?

Market Access Map has been developed by the International Trade Centre (ITC) to answer these and related questions in order to facilitate strategic market research.

WHAT?

Market Access Map (MAcMap) is an online market analysis tool that allows you to access and analyse a large volume of market access information. Market Access Map provides:

- [Applied tariff](#) data for more than 191 countries, including [most favoured nation \(MFN\)](#) and preferential rates
- Supporting information on bilateral, regional and multilateral [trade agreements](#)
- Data on trade flows
- Information on NTMs

Together with a user-friendly and interactive interface that allows you to:

- Calculate [ad valorem equivalent \(AVE\)](#) tariffs
- Compute product and country aggregations
- Conduct tariff reduction simulations

ACCESS TO THE APPLICATION

Market Access Map is **FREE** for all users in **developing countries** thanks to the support of:

- The European Commission
- The World Bank
- Donors to the ITC trust fund

Users can register at <http://mas-admintools.intracen.org/accounts/Registration.aspx>.

Users in developed countries can also obtain free access to a [more restricted version](#) of ITC's Market Analysis Tools:

- [Market Access Map](#)
- [Trade Map](#)
- [Investment Map](#)
- [Standards Map](#)

Developed country users can subscribe to gain full access to these tools. See [subscription options and fees](#).

Registration to the ITC Market Analysis Tools:

The [International Trade Centre](#) has developed four [Market Analysis Tools](#) : Trade Map, Market Access Map, Investment Map and Standards Map to enhance the transparency of global trade and market access and to help users in their market analyses.

- Users from [developing countries](#) have full access to the tools **free of charge**.
- Users from [developed countries](#) have **restricted access** to the tools **free of charge**. Users wishing to access the full versions of the tools can consult the [subscription option and fees](#).

Please enter your email address: ■

An activation email will be sent to this address

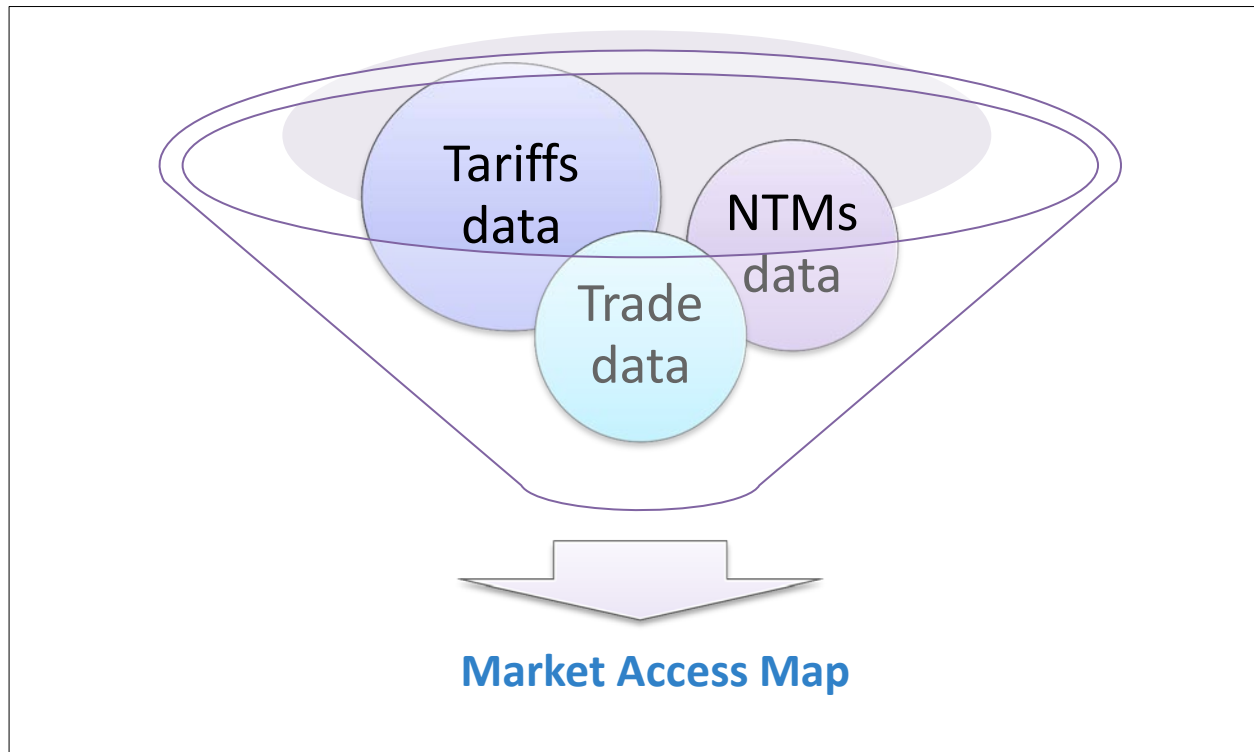
It will be used to login to the ITC Market Analysis Tools

Confirm your email address: ■

Select your country: ■

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MARKET ACCESS MAP DATA



DATA SOURCES

Market Access Map provides information on tariffs, [non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#) and trade data. This information is obtained from a variety of sources and you have the option of choosing their data source in some modules.

Applied tariffs data is based on the ITC (MAcMap) database which:

- Contains [applied tariffs](#), including general, [most favoured nation \(MFN\)](#) and [preferential tariff](#) rates actively collected by ITC from national institutions

- Covers data from 2005 up to the most recent year
- Includes [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#) of all [non-ad valorem \(NAV\)](#) tariffs
- Includes UNCTAD (TRAINS) data for 1996-2005

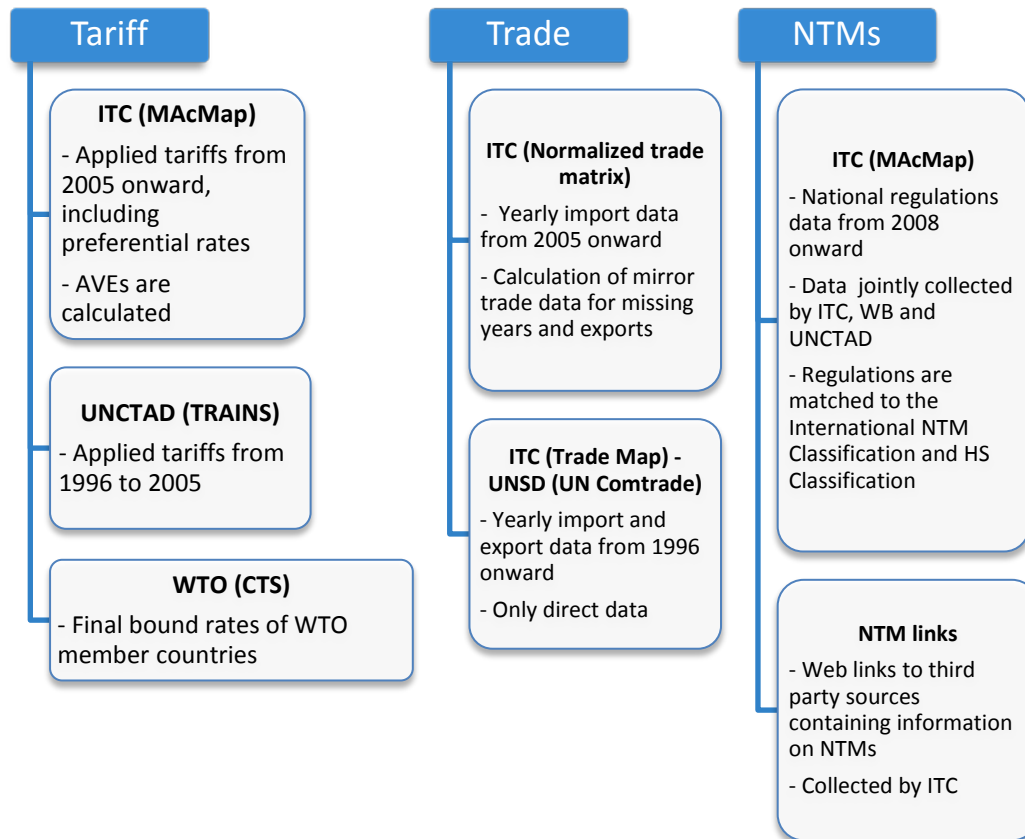
Final bound rates are available for the WTO member countries and are sourced from the WTO's Consolidated Tariff Schedule (CTS) Data Base. This dataset includes AVEs calculated according to WTO methodology.

Trade data in Market Access Map are retrieved from two trade databases:

1. The ITC (Normalized trade matrix), which has the distinctive feature of being available in all HS revisions, thus, facilitating time series analyses and well matching to other data types, e.g. tariffs.
 - This dataset is based uniquely on yearly import data in values and covers the period from 2005 onwards.
 - The [direct data](#) is obtained from various sources, such as UN Comtrade and the WTO Integrated Data Base as well as from national institutions.
 - The statistics for missing years is calculated using mirror data (data reported by partner countries).
2. The ITC (Trade Map) – UNSD (UN Comtrade), which shows the same values of exports and imports as Trade Map (www.trademap.org) but is different in terms of data availability:
 - Market Access Map shows data from 1996 to 2000 sourced directly from UN Comtrade and not available in Trade Map
 - Only direct data are displayed, i.e. mirror statistics available in Trade Map are not shown
 - The data are available at HS 6-digit level or higher, while Trade Map also shows them at the [National Tariff Line \(NTL\)](#)
 - The data are yearly, while Trade Map also provides monthly and quarterly statistics
 - Only import and export values are displayed, while Trade Map also provides quantities

NTMs are sourced from the ITC (MAcMap) database. This data has been collected from national official regulations by ITC from 2008 onward in cooperation with UNCTAD, the African Development Bank (AfDB) and the World Bank.

DATA DISPLAYED IN MARKET ACCESS MAP



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MARKET ACCESS MAP OVERVIEW

Market Access Map consists of 6 modules. Each module contains one or more sub-modules. Below you will find an overview of the available interfaces.

Quick search	•Functionalities: Searches on tariffs, non-tariff measures , trade remedies and trade data for a single product (product group) on a single year basis. •Target group: Companies involved in export/import operations that need to retrieve specific information or benchmark themselves against competitors.
Advanced analysis	•Functionalities: Queries for multiple countries, products and years, indicators, aggregations, as well as simulations to compare tariffs before and after a reduction using a variety of formulae. •Target group: Analysts and trade negotiators.
Raw data download	•Functionalities: Download of large amount of data in different formats (i.e. Excel, CSV and ZIP). •Target group: Researchers that perform analyses using own methodologies and software
Country analysis	•Functionalities: Provides summary information on a specific country's trade, tariffs and non-tariff measures, supported by useful links to external sources. •Target group: Policy makers and users looking for at-a-glance information on a specific country
Options	•Functionalities: Customization of the default settings relevant for your searches and simulations, including data sources, calculation methodology of AVE and customized groups for countries and products
Support materials	•Functionalities: Access to the sources and the coverage of data in MAcMap, user guide , e-learning videos and other support materials helping users to turn data into knowledge and supporting decision making.

QUICK SEARCH

Quick search allows simple, focused searches with single product and country selection. The quick search results are supplemented by in-depth information on [rules of origin \(ROO\)](#) and certification requirements. This module contains:

- *Find tariffs*
- *Find non-tariff measures*
- *Find trade remedies*
- *Trade agreements and rules of origin*
- *Compare tariffs*

ADVANCED ANALYSIS

Advanced analysis allows you to run advanced searches and get on screen results. Firstly, this module allows you to conduct simultaneous tariff searches where you can select any number of products and countries. Secondly, you can conduct tariff reduction simulations using different reduction formulae and importer/exporter/product combinations. In both cases you can work with predefined country and/or product groups. This module contains:

- *Tariff analysis*
- *Tariff reduction simulation*

RAW DATA DOWNLOAD

Raw data download allows you to download large amount of data for individual analysis in different formats (i.e. Excel, CSV and ZIP). There are 3 sub-modules in this section:

- *Tariff data download*
- *Non-tariff measures download*
- *Trade data download*

COUNTRY ANALYSIS

Country analysis allows you to access at-a-glance trade and market access information about a particular country. Specifically, you can learn about a country's market access and trade position through the following sub-modules:

- *Top 50 bilateral flows*
- *Top 50 products*
- *Tariff averages*
- *Tariff regimes by year*
- *Publications and indicators*
- *Non-tariff measures links*

OPTIONS

The **Options** module allows you to manage several important parameters that are used regularly in Market Access Map searches through the following sub-modules:

- *Manage country groups*
- *Manage Product groups*
- *Manage default settings (Quick search)*
- *User account*

SUPPORT MATERIALS

The **Support materials** module helps you navigate Market Access Map and learn more about the application and market access in general through the following sub-modules:

- *User guide*
- *E-Learning*
- *Data availability*
- *Methodology*
- *Product nomenclatures*
- *Glossary*
- *Useful links*
- *Data providers*
- *Sitemap*
- *FAQs*

- **Promote our sites**

NAVIGATION

You can access all of these sub-modules through the **horizontal navigation bar** at the top of the screen. Move your cursor over the module name to receive a drop-down menu with all underlying sub-modules. Click the sub-module of interest to access the page.



In addition, there is a **bottom navigation bar** at the end of each page containing links to relevant pages.

- **Home** gives direct access to the Market Access Map homepage
- **About** provides additional information on the Market Access Map project
- **Contact us** shows ITC and United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) contact information
- **Usage Conditions** links you to the Market Access Map terms and conditions
- **Newsletters** provides a list of the latest Market Analysis Tools newsletters
- **Glossary** takes you to the Market Access Map glossary for technical terms
- **Site Map** gives a full overview of the Market Access Map sub-modules

Finally, at the bottom of the screen, an **activity bar** provides information about your queries, the number of online users and any Market Access Map announcements.

 Home

[About](#)

[Contact us](#)

[Usage conditions](#)

[Newsletters](#)



[Glossary](#)

[Site map](#)

No queries running

No new queries

No Recent Queries

36 users online

No announcements

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QUICK SEARCH

WHAT?

Quick search allows simple, focused searches with single product and country selection. Some of the quick search results are also supplemented by in-depth information on [rules of origin \(ROO\)](#) and certification requirements.

The **Quick search** is divided in the following sub-modules:

- *Find tariffs*
- *Find non-tariff measures*
- *Find trade remedies*
- *Trade agreements and rules of origin*
- *Compare tariffs*

This module has been designed for companies to allow them to easily access information about their product of interest. [Trade support institutions \(TSIs\)](#) can use the **Compare tariffs** sub-module to identify promising products and markets.

HOW?

Quick search is the first module listed on the navigation bar at the top of the screen. When you move your cursor over the  icon, you will see a drop-down menu listing the different sub-modules. Click on the desired sub-module heading to access the interface.



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FIND TARIFFS

WHAT?

Find [applied tariffs](#), [tariff rate quotas \(TRQs\)](#), and their [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#) applied by an importing country for a specific product, originating from a particular exporting country.

FIND TARIFFS STEP 1/2

HOW?

1. Select the **Importing country** e.g. United States of America
2. Select the **Year** for which you want to find applicable tariffs

NOTE

Market Access Map automatically selects the most recent data for the importing country you selected.

3. Identify the **Product** for which you want to find the applied tariffs by typing the product description or [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) code in the search box e.g. 090210 – Green tea

The
Harmonized
System (HS)



- Six-digit code (HS6) used globally to identify products
- e.g. 090210 - Green tea

The national
tariff line
(NTL)



- HS6 plus two or more additional digits for further detail at national level

You can **use either:**

In both cases, results will be shown at the NTL level. Check the [HS revisions](#) section of the FAQ for more information if you cannot find the product code you have in mind.

By default, the **Product** selection menu is set to HS6 codes. If you wish to select an NTL code, select the **National Tariff Line code** button above the product field.

NOTE

*You will not be able to select the **Product** before having selected the **Importing country**, as the product code is conditional upon the HS revision used by the selected country.*

At the NTL level, products may be defined in the official language of the importing country.

4. Select the **Exporting country** e.g. Malawi

NOTE

*Selecting “**All**” as the **Exporting country** will show the tariffs applied by one importing country to all potential exporters of the product. The exporting country is set to “All” by default.*

Importing country:*

Year:*

Product:*

Exporting country:

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FIND TARIFFS STEP 2/2

THE RESULTS

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- The first line restates that you are looking at tariffs applied by a specific importing country e.g. United States of America
- **Product** refers to the selected product [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) code and description e.g. HS6 090210 – Green tea
- **Partner** refers to the exporting country you have selected e.g. Malawi
- **Data source** from which you have retrieved the information
- **Year** refers to the year selected e.g. 2013
- **Nomenclature** shows which [HS revision](#) has been used e.g. HS 2012 revision

Below this overview, the **results table** displays the following columns:

- **Product code** and **Product description** repeat the product HS code and description
- **Tariff regime** informs you whether the importing country offers [most favoured nation \(MFN\)](#), general and/or [preferential tariff](#) rates for the selected product
- **Applied tariff (as reported)** gives the tariff rate charged by the importing country to the selected product as reported by that country
- **Applied tariff (converted)** shows the same tariff rate converted to standardised units of measurement

NOTE

To distinguish between [applied tariffs](#) and [final bound rates](#) see [applied tariffs vs. final bound rates](#).

- **Total ad valorem equivalent (AVE) tariff** shows the total tariff in percentage terms and is based on the selected [AVE methodology](#)

Find tariffs

Step 2/2

Tariffs applied by **United States of America**

Product: **090210** - Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg

Partner: **Malawi**

Data source: **ITC (MAcMap)**

Year: **2013**

Nomenclature: **HS Rev.2012**

AVE Methodology: **AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)**

<< New search

<< Modify search

Product code	Product description	Tariff regime	Applied tariff (as reported)	Applied tariff (converted)	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff
09021010	Green tea in packages not over 3 kg, flavored	MFN duties (Applied)	6.40%	6.40%	6.40%
09021010	Green tea in packages not over 3 kg, flavored	Preferential tariff for GSP countries	0%	0%	0%
09021090	Green tea in packages not over 3 kg, not flavored	MFN duties (Applied)	0%	0%	0%

Page size: 50 3 items in 1 pages

If you have selected “All” in step 1/2 the **query overview** will display “all partners”. The **results table** is now limited to the following columns:

- **Tariff regime** gives the name of the [tariff regime](#). Click on a tariff regime name to see a list of its members
- **Total ad valorem equivalent tariff** shows the total tariff applied by the importing country in percentage terms. The word “total” refers to the fact that NAV tariffs may contain several components and they are all included in the AVE calculation

Through the **Selected national tariff line (NTL) code** drop-down menu, you can switch between [national tariff lines \(NTLs\)](#) that belong to the selected product.

Tariffs applied by **United States of America**

Product: **090210 - Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg**

Partner: **all partners**

Data source: **ITC (MAcMap)**

Year: **2013**

Nomenclature: **HS Rev.2012**

AVE Methodology: **AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)**

<< New search

<< Modify search

Under the column "Tariff regime" you can click on each tariff regime to find more information on the related member countries.

Selected national tariff line (NTL) code:

09021010 - Green tea in packages not over 3 kg, flavored ▼

Tariff regime	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff
MFN duties (Applied)	6.4%
Non-MFN tariff	20%
Preferential tariff for GSP countries	0%
Preferential tariff for CBI countries	0%

NOTE

In the case of *tariff rate quotas* (TRQs) the **results table** displays the outside-quota tariff rate (OQTR) as well as the inside-quota tariff rate (IQTR).

Tariff regime	Applied tariff (as reported)	Applied tariff (converted)	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	Tariff quota details
MFN duties (Applied)	<u>OQTR: 40.00%</u> IQTR : 14.00%	<u>OQTR: 40.00%</u> IQTR : 14.00%	<u>OQTR: 40.00%</u> IQTR : 14.00%	Details
MFN duties (Applied)	<u>OQTR: 40.00%</u> IQTR : 12.00%	<u>OQTR: 40.00%</u> IQTR : 12.00%	<u>OQTR: 40.00%</u> IQTR : 12.00%	Details
2 items in 1 pages				

In addition, the column **Tariff quota details** has been added on the right-hand side of the table. By selecting [Details](#), additional information is given regarding the **Quota volume** and the **Administration method**.

Tariff quota details

Details on the tariff quota applied by **Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)** to **New Zealand**
Trade regime : **MFN duties (Applied)**
NTL Product : **0401201000**

Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	Quota contingent	Administration method
OQTR: 40.00%	18342 tonnes	Licenses on demand
IQTR : 14.00%		

You may start a new search or modify your existing search by pressing

<< New search

<< Modify search

 either below the **query overview** or at the bottom of the page.

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FIND NON-TARIFF MEASURES

WHAT?

Find **non-tariff measures (NTMs)** applied by a reporter country to imports of a specific product from a particular market. Find regulations and procedures applied by exporting country to goods destined for sales abroad.

FIND NON-TARIFF MEASURES STEP 1/2

HOW?

1. Choose to **View results by:**

**Non-tariff
measure
legislation
(SCENARIO A)**

- Lists all regulations governing imports/exports of a given product
- Does not require any knowledge of the multi-agency classification of NTMs
- Suitable if you look for a complete list of regulations

**Non-tariff-
measures
category
(SCENARIO B)**

- Lists regulations according to the multi-agency classification of NTMs
- Gives a structured overview of the various types of requirements that are in place for a given product and country
- Suitable if you look for a quick at-a-glance overview of the requirements e.g. if you compare two potential export markets

2. For scenario B, choose between **Non-tariff measures regulating** either **Imports** or **Exports**. The default setting selects NTMs applying to **Imports**
3. Select the **Reporter** country e.g. Morocco

NOTE

If you do not find your country in the drop-down menu product-specific data of this country is not yet available. You can consults third-party websites containing information on NTMs by going to **Non-tariff measures links** under the **Country analysis** module.

4. The **Year** for your search is set to the latest available year by default
5. Select the **Partner** country for which you want to see applicable NTMs e.g. Malawi. The default setting selects “World” as the partner

NOTE

Selecting “World” as the partner country will only show you multilateral NTMs. Selecting a specific country will show NTMs applied to exports originating from that country as well as multilateral ones.

6. Select the **Product** at either the HS6 or [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#) level e.g. HS6 090210 – Green tea

You can **use either**:

The Harmonized System (HS)

- Six-digit code (HS6) used globally to identify products
- e.g. 090210 - Green tea

The national tariff line (NTL)

- HS6 plus two or more additional digits for further detail at national level

By default, the **Product** selection menu it is set to HS6 codes. If you wish to select an NTL code, select the [National Tariff Line code](#) button above the product field.

NOTE

You will not be able to select the **Product** before having selected the **Reporter** (country applying regulations), as the product code is conditional upon the [HS revision](#) used by the selected country.

View results by:

Non-tariff measure legislation

Reporter:*

Morocco

Year:*

Latest available: 2011

Partner:*

Malawi

Product:*

HS6

National Tariff Line code

090210 - Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg

Proceed >>

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FIND NON-TARIFF MEASURES STEP 2/2 – SCENARIO A

WHAT?

Step 2/2 of scenario A shows you a complete list of [non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#) that apply to the country/product you selected, regardless of the NTM chapter.

THE RESULTS

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- The first line restates that you are looking at legislation applied by the selected **Reporter** country e.g. Morocco
- **Product** refers to the product [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) code and description e.g. 090210 – Green tea
- **Partner** shows the selected partner country e.g. Malawi
- **Year** shows the year in which the data was collected

You may start a new search or modify your existing search by pressing

<< New search

<< Modify search

either below the parameters or at the bottom of the page.

Below this overview, the **results table** displays the following columns:

- **Title and summary of the legislation (English)**
- **Title and summary of the legislation (national language)**
- **Third party source**
- **Implementing authority**
- **NTM chapter**, according to the [multi-agency classification of NTMs](#)

Data is not always available for these columns. However, in many cases, the official name of the NTM should allow you to find the relevant documents on-line.

Title and summary of the legislation (English)	Title and summary of the legislation (national language)	Third party source	Implementing authority	NTM chapter
Dahir 4 Muharram 1352 (29 April 1933) establishing a fee for the sanitary inspection of imported and exported plants, parts of plants or vegetables Summary :Import and export inspection fees for plants and vegetable products	ظهير شريف صادر في 04 من محرم 1352 (29 أبريل 1933) بإنشاء ضريبة لتكاليف التفتيش الصحي لصادرات و واردات النباتات وأجزاء النباتات أو المنتجات النباتية ملخص : رسوم تفتيش استيراد وتصدير النباتات والمنتجات النباتية	Link	Office National de Sécurité Sanitaire des Produits Alimentaires, ONSSA (National Office for Food Safety)	Custom inspection, processing and servicing fees; Export taxes and charges
Dahir No. 1-81-287 of 11 rejev 1402 (May 6, 1982) promulgating the Agreement on the International Carriage of Perishable Foodstuffs and on the Special Equipment to be Used for such Carriage, done in Geneva on 1 September 1970 Summary :Storage and transport conditions for frozen foodstuffs and certain fresh, chilled or frozen food products	ظهير شريف رقم 1.81.287 صادر في 11 رجب 1402 (6 مايو 1982) بنشر الاتفاق المتعلق بالنقل الدولي للمواد التي يسرع إيلها التلف وبالألات الخاصة المستعملة في هذا النقل، الموقّع بجنيف في فاتح ستمبر 1970 ملخص : شروط تخزين ونقل للمواد الغذائية المجمدة وبعض المنتجات الغذائية الطازجة ، المبردة أو المجمدة	Link	Office National de Sécurité Sanitaire des Produits Alimentaires, ONSSA (National Office for Food Safety)	Storage and transport conditions

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FIND NON-TARIFF MEASURES STEP 2/2 – SCENARIO B

WHAT?

Step 2/4 of scenario B shows you the [non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#) that apply to the country/product you selected according to NTM chapter. The chapters are defined according to the [multi-agency classification of NTMs](#). See the [Methodology](#) sub-module for further information on the NTM classification.

THE RESULTS – NTM CHAPTERS

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- The first line restates whether you are looking at **Import** or **Export** related regulations applied by the selected **Reporter** country
- **Product** refers to the product [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) code and description e.g. 090210 – Green tea in immediate packings
- **Total national tariff lines (NTL) affected** shows how many [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#) codes of the HS6 product are affected by these NTMs
- **Partner** shows the selected partner country e.g. Malawi
- **Year** shows the time when the data was collected

You may start a new search or modify your existing search by pressing

<< New search

<< Modify search

either below the parameters or at the bottom of the page.

Below this overview, the **results table** displays the following columns:

- **Measures applied by importing (exporting) country** shows the NTMs chapters that apply to the country/product you selected. To view these in further detail you may press the relevant NTM chapter in the left-hand column
- **Number of affected NTL products**, shows how many products defined on the NTL level of the importing country are affected by the NTMs categorized under this chapter. This may be the entire HS6 group or a subset of products

Finally, you can access a detailed overview of the [rules of origin \(ROO\)](#) specific to the selected country by clicking the link just below the NTMs table.

Import related non-tariff measures applied by **Morocco**

Product: **090210 - Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg**

Total national tariff lines (NTL) affected: **1**

Partner: **Malawi**

Year: **2011**

<< New search

<< Modify search

Click on the measure you are interested in to see more details.

Measures applied by importing country	Number of affected NTL products
Finance measures (1)	1
Charges, taxes and other para-tariff measures (5)	1
Pre-shipment inspection and other formalities (1)	1
Sanitary and phytosanitary measures (SPS) (3)	1

To see the Rules of Origin and certificates applied by Morocco click [here](#)

THE RESULTS – NTM LEAFS

When you press the NTM chapter in the previous interface, the application breaks the NTM chapter down into underlying NTM leafs containing 3 digits. These leafs are defined according to the [multi-agency classification of NTMs](#). See the [Methodology](#) sub-module for further information on the NTM classification.

Once again, the **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- The first line restates whether you are looking at **Import** or **Export** related regulations applied by the selected **Reporter** country
- **Product** refers to the product [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) code and description

- **Type of NTM** shows the NTMs chapter we are dealing with in regards to the product you selected e.g. SPS
- **Number of national tariff lines (NTL) affected**
- **Partner** shows the selected partner country e.g. Malawi
- **Time of last update** shows the time when the data was collected

You may start a new search or modify your existing search by pressing

<< New search

<< Modify search

either below the **query overview** or at the bottom of the page.

Below this overview, the **results table** displays the following columns:

- **NTM Code** shows the 3-digit codes of the NTM subcategories as defined by the multi-agency classification of NTMs. All of these fall under the broader category you selected before e.g. SPS
- **Measures applied by importing country** defines the categories corresponding to this NTM code. Click on the relevant leaf name in the left-hand column to view the exact NTMs and their specific requirements
- The right hand column, **Number of affected NTL products**, shows how many products defined at the NTL level of the importing country are affected by the NTM subcategory e.g. 1 in the case of NTM code A310. This subcategory may be the entire HS6 group you selected or a subset of products

NTM categories -> Sanitary and phytosanitary measures (SPS)

Click on the measure you are interested in to see more details.

NTM Code	Measures applied by importing country	Number of affected NTL products
A310	Labelling requirements (1)	1
A330	Packaging requirements (1)	1
A840	Inspection requirement (1)	1

THE RESULTS – NTMS

The final level of detail in scenario B lists those exact measures applied by the reporting country that fall under the selected [non-tariff measure \(NTM\)](#) leaf e.g. A130: Labelling requirements.

First, the **query overview** displays the following columns:

- The first line restates whether you are looking at **Import** or **Export** related regulations applied by the selected **Reporter** country
- **Product** displays the product [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) code and description
- **Type of NTM** shows the NTM leaf that applies to the product you selected e.g. Labelling requirements
- **Number of national tariff lines (NTL) affected**
- **Partner** shows the selected partner country e.g. Tanzania
- **Year** shows the time when the data was collected

You may start a new search or modify your existing search by pressing

[<< New search](#) [<< Modify search](#) below the overview or at the bottom of the page.

Beneath these fields you will find an overview of what exact category and subcategory you are exploring. Below these you will find a **results table** listing all applicable NTMs that have been classified under a subcategory.

Each **NTM is numbered** and displays information based on the following categories:

- **Countries affected** shows you:
 - o **Affected countries/regions** e.g. World
 - o **Additional comments on affected countries/regions**
- **Product** shows you:
 - o **Product level reported in the legislation** e.g. HS6
 - o **National tariff line product coverage** which can be either
 - Full, indicating that all NTL products falling under the product code level reported in the legislation are affected.
 - Partial, indicating that not all NTL products falling under the product code level reported in the legislation are affected.
 - o **Additional comments on the affected product**
- **Information on the non-tariff measure (NTM)** shows you:
 - o **Free description of the NTM** which may contain key words, comments and, if available, the stated objective of the measure.
 - o **Additional comments on the NTM**
- **Time** shows you:

- o **Start date** on which the measure went into force e.g. 03.2010
- o **End date** on which the measure is expected to end
- o **Date of data collection** e.g. July 2014

NOTE

*Dates are shown in the MM.YYYY format. When the **End date** is not specified in official documents, the end date will be displayed as 01.9999.*

- **Legislation** shows you:
 - o **Official title of the legislation (English)**
 - o **Official title of the legislation (national language)**
 - o **Implementing authority**
 - o **Objective/purpose of the legislation**
 - o **Voluntary NTM** is a Boolean whose value is either 'True' or 'False'
 - o **Download pdf of the legislation**
 - o **Web link (national source)** provides an official link to the NTM's legal text of reference, if available
- **Additional information** shows you:
 - o **Reference to international or regional agreement**, when retrieved national regulation is related to international agreements
 - o **Title of the international or regional agreement**, if available

Measure		
Countries affected	Affected countries/regions	World
	Additional comments on the affected countries/regions	
Product	Product level reported in the legislation HS6	
	National tariff line product coverage	Partial
	Additional comments on the affected product	
Information on the non-tariff measure (NTM)	Free description of the NTM	
	Additional comments on the NTM	
Time	Start date	03.2010
	End date	01.9999
	Date of data collection	July 2014
Legislation	Official title of the legislation (English)	Notice to Importers No. 07/14 for importers of concrete iron rods
	Official title of the legislation (national language)	بلاغ رقم 07.14 للمستوردين يتعلق باستيراد الحديد المسلح
	Implementing authority	Ministère de l'Industrie, du Commerce, de l'Investissement et de l'Economie Numérique
	Objective/purpose of the legislation	Not explicitly identified in the legislation
	Voluntary NTM	False
	Download pdf of the legislation	N/A
	Web link (national source)	
Additional information	Reference to international or regional agreement	not available
	Title of the international or regional agreement	N/A

On this page, Market Access Map lists all available NTMs that fall under the selected subcategory in sequence.

NOTE

Market Access Map cannot guarantee complete and fully up-to-date coverage off all NTMs applied by a reporter country. You can find additional third-party NTM information via [Non-tariff measures links](#) at the bottom of the page.

Relevant third party links:

- [Country level links](#)

Disclaimer: We cannot guarantee that this list of measures is exhaustive. A country might apply more [non-tariff measures](#) not able to identify or collect.

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FIND TRADE REMEDIES

WHAT?

Find anti-dumping duties, countervailing duties or safeguard duties applied by an importing country for a specific product, originating from a particular exporting country.

FIND TRADE REMEDIES STEP 1/2

HOW?

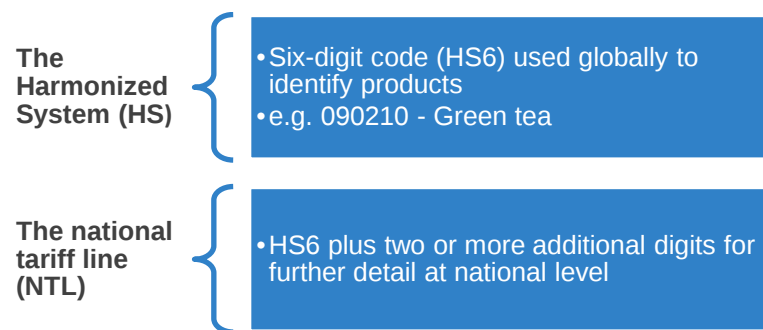
1. Select the **Type of remedy** e.g. Anti-dumping duties. The default setting selects all [trade remedies](#)
2. Select the **Importing country** e.g. Turkey
3. Select the **Year** for which you want to find trade remedy measures that are in force

NOTE

Market Access Map automatically selects the most recent data for the importing country you selected.

4. Select the **Exporting country** e.g. China
5. Identify the **Product** to which trade remedies apply by typing the product description or the [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) code in the search box e.g.
4412321000 - Plywood

You can **use either**:



In both cases, results will be shown at the NTL level. Check the [HS revisions](#) section of the FAQ for more information if you cannot find the product code you have in mind.

By default, the **Product** selection menu is set to HS6 codes. If you wish to select an NTL code, select the [National Tariff Line code](#) button above the product field.

NOTE

*You will not be able to select the **Product** before having selected the **Importing country**, as the product code is conditional upon the HS revision used by the selected country.*

At the NTL level, products may be defined in the official language of the importing country.

Type of remedy:*

Importing Country:*

Year:*

Exporting Country:

Product:*

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FIND TRADE REMEDIES STEP 2/2

THE RESULTS

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- The first line restates that you are looking at [trade remedies](#) applied by a specific importing country e.g. Turkey
- **Product** refers to the selected product [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) code and description e.g. HS6 441231 – Plywood
- **Partner** refers to the exporting country you have selected e.g. China
- **Year** refers to the year selected e.g. 2013

- **Data source** from which you have retrieved the information
 - **Last update** shows the date (MM/YY) when the data was last updated
-

Below this overview, the **results table** displays the following columns:

- **Type of remedy** indicates whether the remedy is an anti-dumping duty, countervailing duty or safeguard duty
- **Status of remedy** informs you what the legal status of the remedy is. Trade remedies can be under investigation, provisional, definitive or in a state of revision. The latter indicates that the measure has been/is being reviewed for extension beyond the initial end date
- **Duty** shows the duty levied under this trade remedy
- **Start date** and **End date** show you for which period the trade remedy will be in place

NOTE

*The implementation of a trade remedy may continue after the end date indicated in the **results table** if their status changes. This may be accompanied by a change in the duty that is levied.*

- **Title of the reference** shows the title of the document from which the information was collected. This can be the title of an official government record or a WTO notification
- **Links to relevant pdf** provides access to a PDF version of the reference document
- **Third party web links** provides a link to the webpage where the reference document was originally found
- **Additional information** displays any additional comments regarding the trade remedy

Trade remedies applied by Turkey

Type of remedy: **Anti-Dumping**

Product: **441231 - Plywood consisting solely of sheets of wood <= 6 mm thick, with at least one outer ply of tropical wood specified in Subheading (excl. sheets of compressed wood, hollow-core composite panels, inlaid wood and sheets identifiable as furniture components)**

Partner: **China**

Year: **2013**

Data source: **ITC**

Last update: **11/13**

<< New search

<< Modify search

Selected national tariff line (NTL) code:

4412311000 - Plywood, veneered panels and similar laminated wood: Other Plywood consi ▼

Status of remedy	Duty	Start date	End Date	Title of the reference	Links to relevant pdf	Third party web links	Additional information
First revision	Specific duty of 240 USD/m3	10/07/12	10/07/17	Case No. NGS.187.01.2011; Communiqué No. 2012.16	Click Here	20120710-11.htm	
⏪ ⏩ 1 ⏪ ⏩					Page size: 10 ▼		
					1 items in 1 pages		

If you have selected an HS6 product code in step 1/2 you will see a **Selected national tariff line (NTL) code** drop-down menu just above the **results table**. Here, you can select any product which is subject to the trade remedy at the [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#) underlying the HS6 product code you selected.

Selected national tariff line (NTL) code:

4412311000 - Plywood, veneered panels and similar laminated wood: Other Plywood consi ▼

You may start a new search or modify your existing search by pressing

<< New search

<< Modify search

either below the **query overview** or at the bottom of the page.

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TRADE AGREEMENTS AND RULES OF ORIGIN

WHAT?

The **Trade agreements and rules of origin** sub-module lists all [tariff regimes](#) that are in effect between selected countries and provides links to the [rules of origin \(ROO\)](#) necessary to benefit from a particular tariff regime. Blank forms for certificates of origin are also provided.

TRADE AGREEMENTS AND RULES OF ORIGIN STEP 1/2

HOW?

1. Select the **Country** e.g. Russian Federation
2. Define whether the country selected is the:
 - o **Importer** (SCENARIO A)
 - o **Exporter** (SCENARIO B)

If you are planning to sell your product internationally select your country as **Exporter**. If you are looking to buy goods produced abroad select your country as **Importer**

3. Select the **Partner** country for which you want to see applicable tariff regimes. The default setting selects “All” as the partner, which will show [trade agreements](#) applied or faced by the reporter with respect to the rest of the world

NOTE

When you select your **Country** as an **Importer**, Market Access Map shows all tariff regimes applied by that country, including non-preferential arrangements, e.g. the [Generalized System of Preferences \(GSP\)](#) scheme offered by the Russian Federation to developing countries.

Trade agreements and Rules of Origin

Step 1/2

Search here to see all trade agreements applied by one country to any other country and the corresponding Rules of Origin and certificates for the latest available year.

>>> [Watch Trade agreements and Rules of Origin video tutorial](#)

First select a **Country** and then choose whether it has to be defined as an exporter or as an importer. If you do not select a specific **Partner** (country), you will see all trade agreements applied or faced by the reporter with respect to the rest of the world.

Country:*	Russian Federation	as	Importer
Partner:	All		
Proceed >>			

NOTE

When you select a single **Partner**, you can freely interchange the **Country** and **Partner** countries as long as you also redefine the **Country** as an **Exporter/Importer**. The results of these queries will be identical.

Country:* Russian Federation as Importer

Partner: Malawi

Proceed >>

Country:* Malawi as Exporter

Partner: Russian Federation

Proceed >>

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TRADE AGREEMENTS AND RULES OF ORIGIN STEP 2/2

THE RESULTS – SCENARIO A

When the **Country** was defined as an **Importer**, the **results table** displays the following columns:

- **Trade agreement description** describing the [tariff regimes](#) between two countries under consideration
- **Rules of origin** listing web links to third party sources that allow you to identify and interpret the [trade agreement](#)'s requirements. Additional documents related to these agreements are also listed here
- **Certificates / Forms** listing web links to forms that the exporter must complete to benefit from the tariff regime

<< New search << Modify search		
Trade Agreement description	Rules of origin	Certificates / Forms
		
Preferential tariff for Least Developed Countries	Not available	Certificate of origin (English) Certificate of origin (French)
Preferential tariff for GSP countries	Not available	Certificate of origin (French) Certificate of origin (English)
Preferential tariff for Armenia	CIS Rules of Origin (Russian) Amendment to Rules of Origin (Russian)	Certificate of origin (English) Certificate of origin (Russian)
Preferential tariff for CIS countries	CIS Rules of Origin (Russian) Amendment to Rules of Origin (Russian)	Certificate of origin (English) Certificate of origin (Russian)

THE RESULTS – SCENARIO B

When the **Country** was defined as an **Exporter**, the **results table** displays the following columns:

- **Importer** country
- **Year** shows the latest year for which tariff data is available
- **Trade agreement description** describing the tariff regimes between two countries under consideration
- **Rules of origin** listing web links to third party sources that allow you to identify and interpret the trade agreements requirements. Additional documents related to these agreements are also listed here
- **Certificates/forms** listing web links to forms that the exporter must complete to benefit from the tariff regime

<< New search << Modify search				
Importer	Year	Trade Agreement description	Rules of origin	Certificates / Forms
		▼		
Armenia	2013	Preferential tariff for CIS countries	Amendment to Rules of Origin (Russian) CIS Rules of Origin (Russian)	Certificate of origin (Russian) Certificate of origin (English)
Azerbaijan	2013	Preferential tariff for CIS countries	Amendment to Rules of Origin (Russian) CIS Rules of Origin (Russian)	Certificate of origin (Russian) Certificate of origin (English)

You may start a new search or modify your existing search by pressing

[<< New search](#)
[<< Modify search](#)
 either below the parameters or at the bottom of the page

NOTE

In this sub-module, the results table displays all the [rules of origin \(ROO\)](#) between a country and its partner. However, ROO are product-specific. Therefore, it is important to read the ROO documents in order to determine what rules apply to you, if any.

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COMPARE TARIFFS

WHAT?

This module allows you to compare [applied tariffs](#) across countries in order to identify favourable market access conditions for your exports or suppliers for your imports. Step 1/2 defines the parameters for your search.

COMPARE TARIFFS STEP 1/2

HOW?

- Select the **Country** in which your importer or exporter is based e.g. Malawi
- Choose whether the selected country is an **Importer** or an **Exporter**. If you are planning to sell your product internationally select your country as **Exporter**. If you are looking to buy goods produced abroad select your country as **Importer**

NOTE

*When the **Country** is selected as the **Importer**, you can compare tariffs faced by partner countries down to the [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#) level. If the country is defined as an **Exporter**, this is not possible as NTL codes differ*

among importing countries. In this case, the [National Tariff Line Code](#) box cannot be selected.

At the NTL level, products may be defined in the official language of the importing country.

- Select the **Product** for which you want to compare tariffs at either the HS2, HS4, HS6 or NTL level e.g. 0902 – Tea, whether or not flavoured

Your tariff data source is noted under **Selected data source**.

Country:* as

Product:*  HS2 **HS4** HS6 National Tariff Line Code

Selected data source: ITC (MAcMap) data complemented by WTO (IDB) data for missing country-years

[Proceed >>](#)

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COMPARE TARIFFS STEP 2/2

WHAT?

This module allows you to compare [applied tariffs](#) across countries in order to identify favourable market access conditions. Step 2/2 displays a table comparing either:

- Tariffs applied by all countries to the selected export product when the **Country** has been defined as an **Exporter** in the previous step i.e. if you are planning to sell your products internationally (SCENARIO A)
- Tariffs applied by the importing country to all potential exporters of the selected product when the **Country** has been defined as an **Importer** in the previous step i.e. if you are looking to import goods produced abroad (SCENARIO B)

THE RESULTS: SCENARIO A

Scenario A shows tariffs applied by all countries to the **country defined as an exporter** in the previous step for the selected export product. This allows you to scan the world for export markets with preferential market access conditions for your exports.

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- The first row restates that you are searching for tariffs applied by all importing countries to the country you selected e.g. Malawi
- **Product** shows the product [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) code and description e.g. 0902 – Tea, whether or not flavoured
- **Trade year** shows the year for which all trade data are given in the results e.g. 2011
- **Applied tariff data source** shows the source of all tariff data on the page
- **Trade data source** shows the source of all trade data on the page
- **AVE methodology** shows which [methodology](#) was used to calculate [ad valorem equivalent \(AVE\)](#) tariffs

You may start a new search or modify your existing search by pressing

<< New search

<< Modify search

either below the parameters or at the bottom of the page.

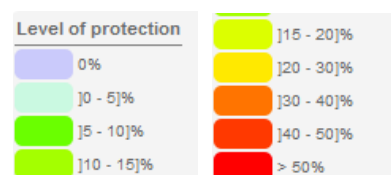
Below this overview, the **results table** displays the following columns:

- **Importing country** lists all importing countries alphabetically. All countries with available tariff data are shown alphabetically independently of whether they trade with each other
- **Year** refers to the last year for which tariff data is available. The trade data year is the same for all countries and is specified in the **query overview**
- **Revision** shows which revision of the HS is used by each importing country. See the [FAQ](#) sub-module for additional information
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines** show how many [national tariff lines \(NTLs\)](#) belong to the HS6 product you selected

NOTE

When the **Country** is defined as an **exporter**, the applied tariffs you retrieve are imposed by each importing country. They are defined at national tariff line which is different country by country (not harmonized internationally). Therefore, you cannot select NTL codes when you run searches that require a comparison between importing countries.

- **Level of protection** gives an at-a-glance view of the tariff treatment applied to the selected product per destination market. The AVE tariff applied per importing country is visualized using a colour code based on the legend below



- **[Country]'s exports to partner countries** provides exports trade data in US\$ '000 indicating the existing trade relations between their home country and potential target markets. These trade data are based on the **Trade year** indicated in the **query overview**. Empty column indicates that the selected product is not traded between these countries or the data is not available
- **Total ad valorem equivalent tariff** shows a **simple average** of AVEs of the NTL rates belonging to the selected HS6 code. This number is the basis for the colour code in the column **Level of protection**

NOTE

If you have selected a product group at HS2 or HS4 level, then the results table will show the **trade weighted** average of underlying tariff rates at HS6 level. See [Methodology](#) for further detail on how the data is aggregated in Market Access Map.

- **Corresponding HS6 codes in the importing country revision** allows you to check which HS6 product codes (and NTL codes) are used to build a correspondence with the product you initially selected. Use the [Click here](#) link to access this overview. If this column is empty, the product code has never changed across [HS revisions](#)
- **Source** shows the source of the tariff data for the year specified in the 2nd column

Select 'Map' to visualise applied tariffs by geographical distribution.

Table

Map

CSV

Importing country 	Year	Revision	No. of corresponding national tariff lines	Level of protection	Malawi's exports to partner country (value in US\$ '000)	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	Source
Afghanistan	2012	HS12	6			2.78%	ITC
Albania	2012	HS12	4			15%	ITC
Algeria	2009	HS07	4			30%	ITC
Angola	2009	HS07	4			5%	ITC
Anguilla	2013	HS07	4			10%	ITC
Antigua and Barbuda	2013	HS96	4			5%	ITC

You may switch to a geographical perspective by pressing the **Map**   tab above the **results table**.

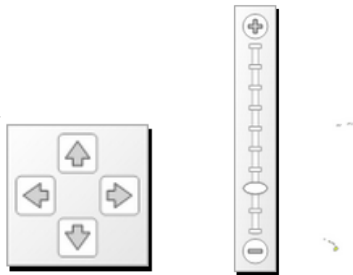
Countries on the map are coloured according to the level of protection they apply to the selected product. This colour-coding uses the same legend discussed in the **results table**. The country marked in pink is the importing/exporting country you selected in step 1/2 e.g Malawi.

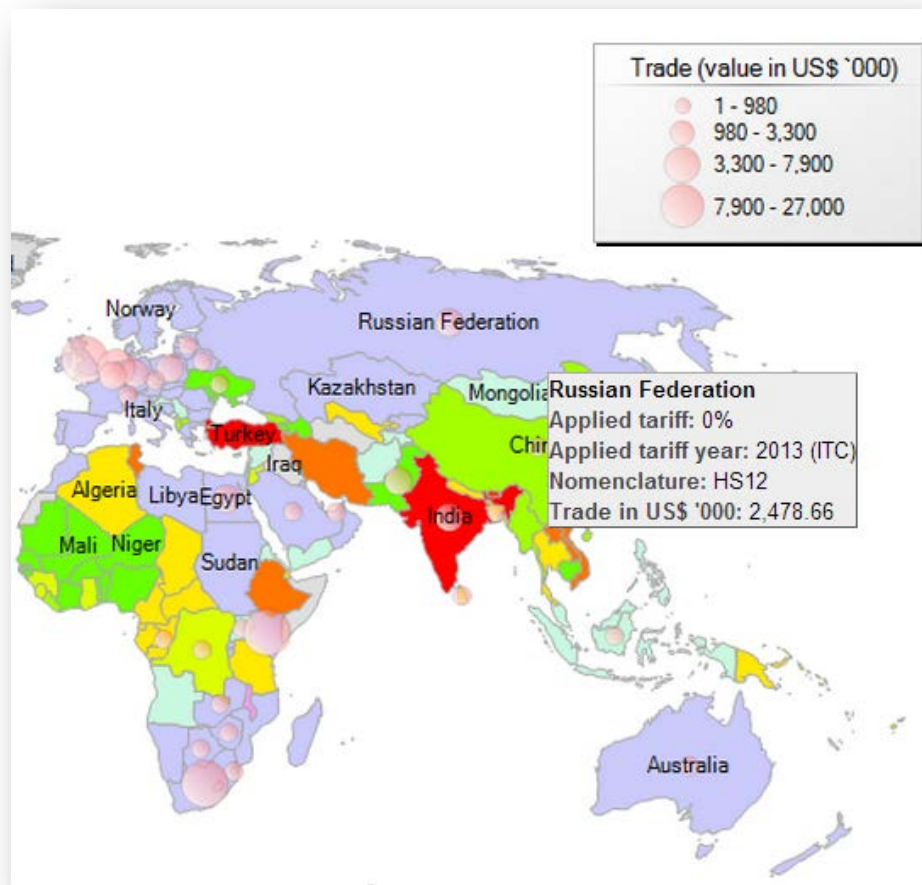
Trade (value in US\$ '000) figures are added to the map in the form of bubbles. The size of the bubble displayed on a particular country (e.g. Russian Federation) reflects the volume of bilateral trade between that country and the importing/exporting country you selected in step 1/2 e.g Malawi.

When you move your cursor over a particular country, the map displays a **pop-up overview** of applied tariffs and bilateral trade between this country (e.g. Russian Federation) and the importing/exporting country you selected in step 1/2 e.g Malawi. The pop-up overview shows several variables:

- **Applied tariff** gives the total ad valorem equivalent tariff levied according to the selected HS code e.g. 0%
- **Applied tariff year** refers to the last year for which tariff data is available, followed by the source of this data e.g. 2013 (ITC)
- **Nomenclature** shows which revision of the HS is used by each importing country
- **Trade in US\$ '000** gives the bilateral trade figure between the two countries for the trade year specified in the **query overview** e.g. US\$ 2,478,660 for 2011

To navigate around the map and zoom in/out, use the navigation icons on the left-hand side of the map:





THE RESULTS: SCENARIO B

Scenario B shows tariffs applied by the **country defined as an importer** in the previous step to all potential exporters of the selected product. This allows you to scan the world for suppliers that have preferential access to your market. The example used is based on a Moroccan exporter of juice looking for suppliers of plastic bottles:

Country:* Morocco as Importer

Product:*
HS2 HS4 HS6 National Tariff Line Code
ou l'emballage, en matières plastiques : autres : en polypropylène

Selected data source:
3923309010 - Bonbonnes, bouteilles, flacons et articles simil. pour le transport ou l'emballage, en matières plastiques : autres : en dérivés chimiques du caoutchouc naturel

Again, the **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search. Scenario B differs from scenario A in that:

- The first line states that you are searching for tariffs applied by the country you selected (e.g. Morocco) to all exporting countries
- **Applied tariff year** shows the latest year for which tariff data is available from the **importer** e.g. Morocco
- **Nomenclature** indicates the [HS revision](#) in which the **Applied tariff year** data is denoted

Below this overview, the **results table** displays the following columns:

- **Exporting country** lists all exporting countries. The number of potential partner countries shown depend on data availability
- **Total ad valorem equivalent tariff** shows a **simple average** of [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#) of the [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#) rates belonging to the selected HS6 code. This number is the basis for the colour code in the column **Level of protection**

NOTE

If you have selected a product group at HS2 or HS4 level, then the results table will show the **trade weighted** average of underlying tariff rates at HS6 level. See [Methodology](#) for further detail on how the data is aggregated in Market Access Map.

- **Level of protection** gives an at-a-glance view of the tariff treatment applied to the selected product per destination market. The AVE tariff applied per importing country is visualized using a colour code based on the legend below
- **[Country]'s imports from partner countries** provides imports trade data in US\$ '000 in order to help you identify existing suppliers. These data refer to the **Trade year** indicated above the results page. An empty column indicates that the selected product is not traded between these countries or the data is not available

Table		Map	
Exporting country	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	Level of protection	Morocco's imports from partner country (value in US\$ '000)
Afghanistan	10%		
Albania	10%		
Algeria	0%		

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ADVANCED ANALYSIS

WHAT?

This module allows you to create more advanced queries than those available in **Quick search**. Specifically, **Advanced analysis** allows you to conduct:

- ***Tariff analysis***
- ***Tariff reduction simulation***

Both sub-modules allow you to define queries for:

- [Applied tariffs](#)
- [Final bound rates](#)

In addition, in each of these sub-modules, you can select multiple products and countries simultaneously. You can also work with predefined country and/or product groups.

The **Advanced analysis** module has been designed for those who need to perform more complex analysis of market access conditions. The ***Tariff analysis*** sub-module can offer the “big picture” in market access by product, sector or country group level. This may be especially valuable for [trade support institutions \(TSIs\)](#), trade policy analysts and trade negotiators. The ***Tariff reduction simulation*** sub-module shows the possible outcomes of trade liberalisation negotiations.

HOW?

You can find the module **Advanced analysis** on the navigation bar at the top of the page. When you move your cursor over the [Advanced analysis](#)  tab, you will see a drop-down menu listing the different sub-modules. Choose any one of them by clicking on the desired sub-module heading.

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TARIFF ANALYSIS

WHAT?

This module allows you to analyse [applied tariffs](#), [final bound rates](#) and trade statistics involving multiple products and countries. The sub-module also allows you to generate time series data for [applied tariffs](#) and [import values](#) between multiple countries.

FEATURES

This sub-module offers you the following set of options:

1. **Create a new query** lets you define a new set of parameters for your search
2. **Manage your queries** lets you edit, complete, share or delete existing queries
3. **Execute predefined queries** allows you to execute or modify searches that have been set by default as examples



Create a new query
Create a new query to start your own analysis



Manage your queries
Edit, complete, share or delete your queries



Execute predefined queries
See the results of predefined queries

If you wish, you may pre-define **country groups** and/or **product groups** for future searches through the links above the icons.

Before starting your query you can also create customized country and product groups using the [Manage country groups](#) and [Manage product groups](#) options.

TARIFF ANALYSIS STEP 1/3

WHAT?

You are defining a new set of parameters to execute an advanced query in Market Access Map. Importantly, you will have to decide on the nature of your search.

HOW?

1. **Name** your new query e.g. Tea exports
2. Write an accompanying **Description** for future reference (optional)
3. Choose between the two types of analysis:

Criteria	Detailed tariff analysis	Time series analysis
Year	Single year (most recent)	Multiple years
Most detailed product level	NTL	HS6
Combination with import data	No	Yes
Final bound rates	Yes	No

4. If you have chosen **Detailed tariff analysis**, use the drop-down menu to select whether you want to:
 - Analyse **Applied tariffs** (SCENARIO A)
 - Analyse **Final bound rates** (SCENARIO B)

NOTE

For more info on the difference between [applied tariffs](#) and [final bound rates](#) see the [FAQ_sub-module](#).

5. If you have chosen **Time series analysis**, use the drop-down menu to select whether you want to
 - Analyse **Applied tariffs** only (SCENARIO C)
 - Analyse **Applied tariffs and trade data** (SCENARIO D)

Name: *	Tea exports
Description:	Tea exports from Malawi, China and Japan to the USA, Russian Federation and Morocco.
☒ Detailed tariff analysis ⓘ	Applied tariffs
☐ Time series analysis ⓘ	Applied tariffs

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TARIFF ANALYSIS STEP 2/3 – DETAILED TARIFF ANALYSIS - SCENARIO A

HOW?

Step 2/3 of detailed tariff analysis requires you to set the **parameters** for your [applied tariffs](#) query. You must select the:

1. **Aggregation methodology** for aggregating the tariff data. Market Access Map gives you the possibility to choose among the following methodologies:
 - Bilateral imports
 - Reference group imports (default selection)
 - World imports

For more information on aggregation methodologies, please check the [Methodology](#) sub-module.

2. **AVE methodology** to calculate [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#) from [non-ad valorem \(NAV\)](#) tariffs. While the default setting is AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP), you may also select AVE based on the [World Unit Value](#)
3. **Importers**, either as individual countries or as groups
4. **Products**, either at the HS2, HS4 or HS6 level of aggregation. Independently of your selection you will be able to see the results at any level, including the [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#)
5. **Exporters**, once more individually or by group
6. **Tariff rate for aggregation**, which either looks at **Minimum rates** or **Maximum rates**. See [tariff rate aggregation: maximum vs. minimum rates](#)

NOTE

In general, “non-preferential rate” refers to the [most favoured nation \(MFN\)](#) rate applied by WTO member countries and the General tariff applied by countries outside the WTO. However, some countries apply both MFN rates (to their WTO partners) and General tariffs (to other countries) e.g. the Russian Federation and the United States of America. In this case, Market Access Map will show the highest rate, hence the term “maximum rate”.

In general, “preferential rate” refers to the preferences granted to partner countries in the context of [trade agreements](#) or unilateral tariff preferences. These rates are lower than MFN or General tariffs. Several preferential schemes may exist between two countries, e.g. a regional trade agreement and the [Generalized System of Preferences \(GSP\)](#). In this case Market Access Map will show the lowest rate, hence the term “minimum rate”. If no preferential schemes exist between selected countries, the MFN or General tariff will be displayed.

7. **Type of view** to determine what will be the default tab of your query result. If needed, this can be changed in the result page

Aggregation
methodology: ?

Reference group imports ▼

AVE methodology:

AVE based on the World Tariff Pr ▼

Importers:*

Canada ✕
Russian Federation ✕
United States of America ✕

< Modify >

3 Countrie(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Products:*

0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured ✕

1 Item(s) Selected

Exporters:*

Malawi ✕
Japan ✕
China ✕

< Modify >

3 Countrie(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Tariff rate for
aggregations: ?

Minimum rates ▼

Type of view: ?

Products view ▼

<< Back

Execute >>

NOTE

You may directly remove countries/products you have previously selected by clicking the red cross on the right side of the entry. Alternatively, you can re-open the countries/products selection window by clicking on [< Modify >](#).

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WHAT?

The **Products view** tab of the query result shows the tariffs that apply on each product between **one importing** and **one exporting** country. You can use this view to compare [applied tariffs](#) levied on different products.

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- **Data source** used for your search
- **Year** in which the tariff rate applies. In this sub-module, queries always use the latest year available
- **Nomenclature** used to display the results
- **AVE estimation methodology**
- **Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level)**
- **Tariff rate for aggregations (only at the HS6, HS4 and HS2 level)**, either minimum rates or maximum rates

Below this overview, the **results table** displays [applied tariffs](#) in the following columns:

- **Product code**
- **Product description**
- **Total ad valorem equivalent (AVE) tariff** that applies to the product
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines (NTLs)**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the importing country beyond the selected [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) classification

Importing country:

Exporting country:

Data source: **MACMAP**
 Year: **2013**
 Nomenclature: **HS Rev.2012**
 AVE estimation methodology: **AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)**
 Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level): **Reference group imports**
 Tariff rate for aggregations (only at the HS6, HS4 and HS2 level): **Minimum rates**

Product level

Product code	Product description	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	No. of corresponding national tariff lines
090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	0%	2
090220	Green tea in immediate packings of > 3 kg	0%	1
090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	0%	2
090240	Black tea (fermented) & partly fermented tea in packages exceedg 3 kg	0%	1

Page size:
4 items in 1 pages

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by selecting the:

1. **Importing country** from the drop-down menu, offering you the choice between any countries selected as *importers* in the previous step e.g. Russian Federation

2. **Exporting country** from the drop-down menu, offering you the choice between any countries selected as *exporters* in the previous step e.g. China

After changing the original selection, press [Show Results](#) to update the table.

You may download the data from the table directly by selecting [Download](#)

You can adjust the level of aggregation of the product and the specific importing/exporting country at any time using the **Product level** drop-down menu.

If you select **National Tariff Line (NTL) code** the **results table** will show three additional columns:

- **Tariff regime** showing the name of the [tariff regime](#) that applies to the NTL product code
- **Applied tariff (as reported)** by the importing country
- **Applied tariff (converted)** to standardised units of measurement

Importing country: Russian Federation

Exporting country: China

Show results

Download

Data source: MACMAP

Year: 2014

Nomenclature: HS Rev.2012

AVE estimation methodology: AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)

Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level): Reference group imports

Tariff rate for aggregations (only at the HS6, HS4 and HS2 level): Minimum rates

Product level  National tariff line code

Product code	Product description	Tariff regime	Applied tariff (as reported)	Applied tariff (converted)	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff
0902100001	Tea, whether or not flavoured: Green tea (not fermented) in immediate packings of a content not exceeding 3 kg: no description available at 10-digit level	MFN duties (Applied)	18% but not less than 0.45 euro per kg	18.00% or 622.25 \$/Ton whichever is the greater	18.00%
0902100001	Tea, whether or not flavoured: Green tea (not fermented) in immediate packings of a content not exceeding 3 kg: no description available at 10-digit level	Preferential tariff for GSP countries	75% of the general rate(MFN)	13.50% or 466.69 \$/Ton whichever is the greater	13.50%

NOTE

You can switch the **results table** view by selecting the desired tab at the top of the page:



Products View



Importers View



Exporters View

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TARIFF ANALYSIS STEP 3/3 – DETAILED TARIFF ANALYSIS – IMPORTERS VIEW – SCENARIO A

WHAT?

The **Importers view** tab of the query result shows a table containing the tariffs levied on the product(s) from the selected **Exporting country** in each of the previously selected importing countries. Exporter can use this view to compare potential target markets side by side.

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- **AVE estimation methodology**
- **Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level)**
- **Tariff rate for aggregations (applicable only at the HS6, HS4 and HS2 level)**, either Minimum rates or Maximum rates

Below this overview, the **results table** displays [applied tariffs](#) in the following columns:

- **Importing country**
- **Year** in which the tariff rate applies
- **Source** of the presented data
- **Nomenclature** indicating which [HS revision](#) is used by the importing country
- **Total ad valorem equivalent tariff**
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the importing country beyond the selected [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) classification.

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by selecting the:

1. **Exporting country** from the drop-down menu, offering you the choice between any countries selected as *exporters* in the previous step

Exporting country:

Product:*

Japan

Malawi

2. **Product** from the drop-down menu, which is conditional upon the selected level of product aggregation HS2-HS4-HS6

Product:*

HS2 HS4 **HS6** National Tariff Line Code

NOTE

As this tab shows tariffs across importing countries, you cannot disaggregate to the [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#) code.

Exporting country:

Product:

AVE estimation methodology: **AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)**
 Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level): **Reference group imports**
 Tariff rate for aggregations: **Minimum rates**

Importing country	Year	Source	Nomenclature	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	No. of corresponding national tariff lines
Canada	2013	ITC	HS Rev.2012	0%	2
Russian Federation	2014	ITC	HS Rev.2012	13.50%	2
United States of America	2013	ITC	HS Rev.2012	3.20%	2

Page size:
3 items in 1 pages

After changing the original selection, press to update the table.

You may download the data from the table directly by selecting

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TARIFF ANALYSIS STEP 3/3 – DETAILED TARIFF ANALYSIS – EXPORTERS VIEW – SCENARIO A

WHAT?

The **Exporters view** tab of the query result shows a table containing the tariffs levied on the product(s) from the selected **importing country** in each of the previously selected exporting countries. Exporters can use this view to benchmark their country against competing exporting countries.

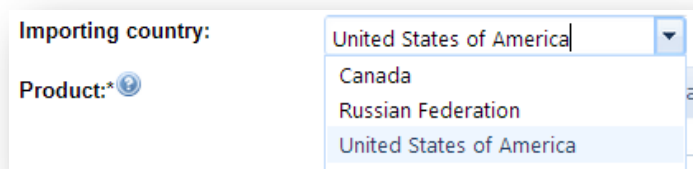
[Applied tariffs](#) appear in the **results table** following the listing of your query parameters. From left to right, the table columns list the:

- **Exporting country**
- **Total ad valorem equivalent tariff**
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the importing country beyond the selected [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) classification.

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by selecting the:

1. **Importing country** from the drop-down menu, offering you the choice between any countries selected as *importers* in the Previous step
2. **Product** from the drop-down menu, which is conditional upon the selected level of product aggregation HS2-HS4-HS6-[national tariff line \(NTL\)](#) code



Importing country: United States of America

Product:*

- Canada
- Russian Federation
- United States of America

After changing the original selection, press [Show Results](#) to update the table.

You may download the data from the table directly by selecting [Download](#).

Importing country: United States of America

Product: HS2 HS4 **HS6** National tariff line code

090210 - Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg

Show results Download

Data source: **MACMAP**
 Year: **2013**
 Nomenclature: **HS Rev.2012**
 AVE estimation methodology: **AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)**
 Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level): **Reference group imports**
 Tariff rate for aggregations (only at the HS6, HS4 and HS2 level): **Minimum rates**

Exporting country	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	No. of corresponding national tariff lines
China	3.20%	2
Japan	3.20%	2
Malawi	0%	2

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Page size: 10
3 items in 1 pages

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TARIFF ANALYSIS STEP 2/3 – DETAILED TARIFF ANALYSIS – SCENARIO B

HOW?

Step 2/3 requires you to set the **parameters** for your query:

1. **Data source** is selected by default. We use the official source for [final bound rates](#), the WTO (CTS) database
2. **AVE methodology** is also selected by default. In the final bound rates scenario, we report the [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#) calculated according to the World Tariff Profile (WTP) methodology
3. **Importers**, either as individual countries or as groups

NOTE

Please select only countries that members of the WTO when analysing final bound rates as these rates are negotiated in the GATT/WTO context and are only applicable to the WTO Member countries. The final bound rates do not exist for non-members. Accordingly no records will be displayed.

4. **Products**, either at the HS2, HS4 or HS6 level of aggregation e.g. 0902 – Tea, whether or not flavoured
5. **Type of view** to determine what will be the default tab of your query result. If needed, this can be changed in the result page

NOTE

You may directly remove countries/products you have previously selected by clicking the red cross on the right side of the entry. Alternatively, you can re-open the countries/products selection window by clicking on [< Modify >](#).

Query name: Tea exports

Query description: Tea exports from Malawi, China and Japan to the United States of America, the Russian Federation and Canada.

Data source: WTO (CTS)

AVE Methodology: AVE based on the World Tariff P1

Importers:*
Canada
Russian Federation
United States of America
3 Country(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

< Modify >

Products:*
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured
1 Item(s) Selected

X

< Modify >

Type of view: Products view

<< Back

Execute >>

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WHAT?

The **Products view** tab of the query result shows the [final bound rates](#) committed by one **Importing country** on all the products selected in your query.

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- **Data source** used for your search
- **Nomenclature** used to display the results
- **AVE estimation methodology**

Below this overview, the **results table** displays final bound rates in the following columns:

- **Product code**
- **Product description**
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the importing country beyond the selected HS classification
- **Total ad valorem equivalent (MIN of underlying NTLs)** that applies to the product
- **Total ad valorem equivalent (MAX of underlying NTLs)** that applies to the product
- **Total ad valorem equivalent (AVG of underlying NTLs)** that applies to the product

Products View

Importers View

Importing country:

United States of America

Show Results

Download

Data source: CTS
 Nomenclature: HS Rev.2012
 AVE estimation methodology: AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)

Product Level:

HS6

Product code	Product description	No. of corresponding national tariff lines	Total ad valorem equivalent (MIN of underlying NTLs)	Total ad valorem equivalent (MAX of underlying NTLs)	Total ad valorem equivalent (AVG of underlying NTLs)
090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	2	0.00%	6.40%	3.20%
090220	Green tea in immediate packings of > 3 kg	2	0.00%	6.40%	3.20%
090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	1	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
090240	Black tea (fermented) & partly fermented tea in packages exceedg 3 kg	1	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

⏮

⏪

1

⏩

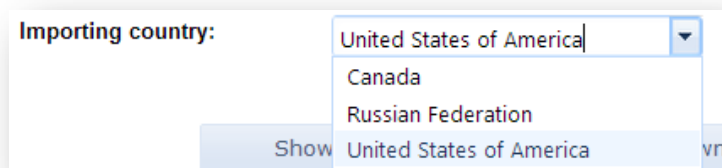
⏭

Page size: 10

4 items in 1 pages

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by selecting the **Importing country** from the drop-down menu, offering you the choice between any countries selected as *importers* in the previous step.



After changing the original selection, press [Show Results](#) to update the table.

You may download the data from the table directly by selecting [Download](#)

You can adjust the level of aggregation of the product and the specific importing/exporting country at any time using the **Product level** drop-down menu.

NOTE

You can switch the **results table** view by selecting the desired tab at the top of the page:



Exporters view is not available for final bound rates in step 1/3 (scenario B). Final bound rates are tariff ceilings committed by the WTO Member countries in the context of the GATT/WTO negotiations and are equally applicable to all WTO Member countries, rendering **Exporters view** irrelevant.

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TARIFF ANALYSIS STEP 3/3 – DETAILED TARIFF ANALYSIS – IMPORTERS VIEW – SCENARIO B

WHAT?

The **Importers view** tab of the query result shows a table containing [final bound rates](#) committed by all the importing countries selected in your query.

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- **Data source**
- **AVE estimation methodology**

Below this overview, the **results table** displays final bound rates in the following columns:

- **Importing country**
- [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) **Product code**
- **Product description**
- **Nomenclature** indicating which [HS revision](#) is used by the importing country
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the importing country beyond the selected HS classification
- **Total Ad Valorem Equivalent (MIN of underlying NTLs)** that applies to the product
- **Total Ad Valorem Equivalent (MAX of underlying NTLs)** that applies to the product
- **Total Ad Valorem Equivalent (AVG of underlying NTLs)** that applies to the product

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by selecting the **Product** from the drop-down menu, which is conditional upon the selected level of product aggregation HS2-HS4-HS6.

Product: 

HS2

HS4

HS6

National Tariff Line Code

090210-Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg ▼

After changing the original selection, press [Show Results](#) to update the table.

You may download the data from the table directly by selecting [Download](#)

Products View

Importers View

Product:?

HS2

HS4

HS6

National Tariff Line Code

090210-Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg

Show Results

Download

Data source: CTS

AVE estimation methodology: AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)

Importing country	Product code	Product description	Nomenclature	No. of corresponding national tariff lines	Total ad valorem equivalent (MIN of underlying NTLs)	Total ad valorem equivalent (MAX of underlying NTLs)	Total ad valorem equivalent (AVG of underlying NTLs)
Canada	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	HS Rev 2002	1	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
China	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	HS Rev 1996	2	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%
Japan	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	HS Rev 2002	1	17.00%	17.00%	17.00%

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TARIFF ANALYSIS STEP 2/3 – TIME SERIES ANALYSIS - SCENARIO C

HOW?

Step 2/3 of time series analysis requires you to set the **parameters** for your [applied tariffs](#) query. You must select the:

1. **Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level)**. Market Access Map gives you the possibility to choose among the following methodologies:
 - Bilateral imports
 - Reference group imports (default selection)
 - World imports

For more information on aggregation methodologies, please check the [Methodology](#) sub-module.

2. **AVE methodology** to calculate [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#) from [non-ad valorem \(NAV\)](#) tariffs. While the default setting is AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP), you may also select AVE based on the [World Unit Value \(WUV\)](#)
3. **Importer/Reporter**, either as individual countries or as groups
4. **Products**, either at the HS2, HS4 or HS6 level of aggregation. Independently of your selection, you will be able to see the results at any level, including the [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#)
5. **Exporter/Partner**, once more individually or by group
6. **Tariff rate for aggregation**, which either looks at **Minimum rates** or **Maximum rates**. See [tariff rate aggregation: maximum vs. minimum rates](#)

NOTE

In general, “non-preferential rate” refers to the [most favoured nation \(MFN\)](#) rate applied by WTO member countries and the General tariff applied by countries outside the WTO. However, some countries apply both MFN rates (to their WTO partners) and General tariffs (to other countries) e.g. the Russian Federation and the United States of America. In this case, Market Access Map will show the highest rate, hence the term “maximum rate”.

In general, “preferential rate” refers to the preferences granted to partner countries in the context of [trade agreements](#) or unilateral tariff preferences. These rates are lower than MFN or General tariffs. Several preferential schemes may exist between two countries, e.g. a regional trade agreement and the [Generalized System of Preferences \(GSP\)](#). In this case, Market Access Map will show the lowest rate, hence the term “minimum rate”. If no preferential schemes exist between selected countries, the MFN or General tariff will be displayed.

7. **Year**(s) for which you want to analyse the relevant applied tariffs

Aggregation methodology

(only at the HS4 and HS2 level):

Reference group imports

AVE methodology:

AVE based on the World Tariff Pr

Importer/Reporter:

Morocco
Russian Federation
United States of America



< Modify >

3 Countrie(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Products: *

0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured



1 Item(s) Selected

Exporter/Partner:

China
Malawi
Japan



< Modify >

3 Countrie(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Tariff rate for aggregations:

Minimum rates

Year:

☒ 2014
☒ 2013
☒ 2012
☐ 2011

NOTE

You may directly remove countries/products you have previously selected by clicking the red cross on the right side of the entry. Alternatively, you can re-open the countries/products selection window by clicking on [< Modify >](#).

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TARIFF ANALYSIS STEP 3/3 – TIME SERIES ANALYSIS – SCENARIO C

WHAT?

The time series analysis query result shows the tariffs that apply on each product between **one importing** and **one exporting** country for each of the selected years. You can use this view to compare [applied tariffs](#) levied on different products across different years.

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- **Applied tariff data source** used for your query
- **Imports data source** used for your query, if any
- **AVE estimation methodology**
- **Aggregation methodology** (only at the HS4 and HS2 level)
- **Tariff rate for aggregations** (only at the HS6, HS4 and HS2 level), either Minimum rates or Maximum rates

Below this overview, the **results table** displays [applied tariffs](#) in the following columns:

- **Reporter** or importer
- **Partner** or exporter
- **Selected year** for which the tariff applies
- **Product code** for which the tariff applies
- **Product description**
- **Nomenclature** for the product in the selected year
- **Applied tariff year**
- **Total ad valorem equivalent (AVE) tariff** that applies to the product in the applied tariff year
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines (NTLs)**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the reporter beyond the selected [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) classification

Reporter	Partner	Selected year	Product code	Product description	Nomenclature	Applied tariff year	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	No. of correction lines
Russian Federation	Japan	2012	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2012	29.39%	2
Russian Federation	Malawi	2012	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2012	0%	2
Russian Federation	Malawi	2012	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2012	0%	2
Russian Federation	China	2013	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2013	15.00%	2
Russian Federation	China	2013	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2013	15.00%	2
Russian Federation	Japan	2013	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2013	20.00%	2
Russian Federation	Japan	2013	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2013	20.00%	2
Russian Federation	Malawi	2013	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2013	0%	2
Russian Federation	Malawi	2013	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2013	0%	2
Morocco	China	2014	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	3-REV-HS	2014	40.00%	1
Morocco	China	2014	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	3-REV-HS	2014	40.00%	1

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by applying a filter to the **Reporter**, **Partner**, **Selected year**, **Product**, **Product description**, **Applied tariff year**. To apply a filter, start typing the object you want to isolate into the filter text box at the top of the table and select the appropriate value from the drop-down menu. To remove a filter, press the X to the right of the filter text box.

You may download the data from the table directly by selecting [Download](#)

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TARIFF ANALYSIS STEP 2/3 – TIME SERIES ANALYSIS - SCENARIO D

HOW?

Step 2/3 of time series analysis requires you to set the **parameters** for your [applied tariffs](#) and trade data query. You must select the:

1. **Import data source** for your search. While the default data source is ITC (Trade Map) – UNSD (UN Comtrade), you may also select the ITC (Normalized trade matrix) database
2. **Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level)**. Market Access Map gives you the possibility to choose among the following methodologies:
 - Bilateral imports
 - Reference group imports (default selection)
 - World imports

For more information on aggregation methodologies, please check the [Methodology](#) sub-module.

3. **AVE methodology** to calculate [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#) from [non-ad valorem \(NAV\)](#) tariffs. While the default setting is AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP), you may also select AVE based on the [World Unit Value \(WUV\)](#)
4. **Importer/Reporter**, either as individual countries or as groups
5. **Products**, either at the HS2, HS4 or HS6 level of aggregation. Independently of your selection, you will be able to see the results at any level, including the [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#)
6. **Exporter/Partner**, once more individually or by group
7. **Tariff rate for aggregation**, which either looks at **Minimum rates** or **Maximum rates**. See [tariff rate aggregation: maximum vs. minimum rates](#)

NOTE

In general, “non-preferential rate” refers to the [most favoured nation \(MFN\)](#) rate applied by WTO member countries and the General tariff applied by countries outside the WTO. However, some countries apply both MFN rates (to their WTO partners) and General tariffs (to other countries) e.g. the Russian Federation and the United States of America. In this case, Market Access Map will show the highest rate, hence the term “maximum rate”.

In general, “preferential rate” refers to the preferences granted to partner countries in the context of [trade agreements](#) or unilateral tariff preferences. These rates are lower than MFN or General tariffs. Several preferential schemes may exist between two countries, e.g. a regional trade agreement and the

Generalized System of Preferences (GSP). In this case, Market Access Map will show the lowest rate, hence the term “minimum rate”. If no preferential schemes exist between selected countries, the MFN or General tariff will be displayed.

8. **Year(s)** for which you want to analyse the relevant applied tariffs

Import data source: ?

ITC (Trade Map) – UNSD (UN Comtrade) ▼

Aggregation methodology
(only at the HS4 and HS2 level): ?

Reference group imports ▼

AVE methodology:

AVE based on the World Tariff Profile ▼

Importer/Reporter: * ?

Morocco ✕
Russian Federation ✕
United States of America ✕

< Modify >

3 Country(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Products: *

0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured ✕

1 Item(s) Selected

Exporter/Partner: ?

China ✕
Japan ✕
Malawi ✕

< Modify >

3 Country(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Tariff rate for aggregations: ?

Minimum rates ▼

Year: * ?

☒ 2014
☒ 2013
☒ 2012
☐ 2011

NOTE

You may directly remove countries/products you have previously selected by clicking the red cross on the right side of the entry. Alternatively, you can re-open the countries/products selection window by clicking on [< Modify >](#).

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TARIFF ANALYSIS STEP 3/3 – TIME SERIES ANALYSIS – SCENARIO D

WHAT?

The time series analysis query result shows the tariffs that apply on each product between **one importing** and **one exporting** country for each of the selected years. In addition to the [applied tariffs](#), **trade data** is given when available for a given year. You can use this view to compare applied tariffs levied on different products across different years and assess the importance of the corresponding trade flows.

The **query overview** reports the parameters you entered in your search:

- **Applied tariff data source** used for your query
- **Imports data source** used for your query
- **AVE estimation methodology**
- **Aggregation methodology** (only at the HS4 and HS2 level)
- **Tariff rate for aggregations** (only at the HS6, HS4 and HS2 level), either Minimum rates or Maximum rates

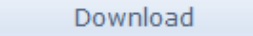
Below this overview, the **results table** displays [applied tariffs](#) and trade data (when available) in the following columns:

- **Reporter** or importer
- **Partner** or exporter
- **Selected year** for which the tariff applies
- **Product code** for which the tariff applies
- **Product description**
- **Nomenclature** for the product in the selected year
- **Trade year**, when trade data is available for the applied tariff year
- **Import amount (USD '000)**, when trade data is available for the applied tariff year
- **Applied tariff year**
- **Total ad valorem equivalent (AVE) tariff** that applies to the product in the applied tariff year
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines (NTLs)**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the reporter beyond the selected [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) classification

Reporter	Partner	Selected year	Product code	Product description	Nomenclature	Trade year	Import amount (USD '000)	Applied tariff year
Morocco	Malawi	2012	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	3-REV-HS			2012
Morocco	Malawi	2012	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	3-REV-HS			2012
Russian Federation	Malawi	2012	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	5-REV-HS			2012
Russian Federation	Malawi	2012	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	5-REV-HS			2012
Morocco	China	2012	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	3-REV-HS	2012	150	2012
Morocco	China	2012	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	3-REV-HS	2012	0	2012
Morocco	Japan	2012	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	3-REV-HS	2012	0	2012
Morocco	Japan	2012	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	3-REV-HS	2012	0	2012
Russian Federation	China	2012	090210	Green tea in immediate packings of <= 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2012	8	2012
Russian Federation	China	2012	090230	Black tea (fermented)&partly fermentd tea in packages not exceedg 3 kg	5-REV-HS	2012	6	2012
1 2 3 Page size: 10								

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by applying a filter to the **Reporter**, **Partner**, **Selected year**, **Product code**, **Product description**, **Applied tariff year**. To apply a filter, start typing the object you want to isolate into the filter text box at the top of the column  and select the appropriate value from the drop-down menu. To remove a filter, press the X to the right of the filter text box. .

You may download the data from the table directly by selecting .

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TARIFF REDUCTION SIMULATION

WHAT?

This sub-module allows you to simulate tariff reduction of either [applied tariffs](#) or [final bound rates](#). By selecting a specific reduction coefficient, setting tariff ceilings and creating your own reduction formula you can observe the impact of one or multiple scenarios on the initial tariff.

NOTE

Market Access Map does not provide an economic model for simulating the economic outcome of tariff reductions on a country's economy. The tariff reduction simulations sub-module simply provides a tool to show the tariffs before and after a reduction using a particular reduction scenario and reduction coefficient.

FEATURES

This sub-module offers you the following set of options:

1. **Create a new simulation** lets you define a new set of parameters for your own analysis
2. **Manage your simulations** lets you edit, complete, share or delete existing simulations
3. **Manage your scenarios** lets you edit, modify or delete your reduction scenarios



Create a new simulation

Create a new simulation to start your own analysis



Manage your simulations

Edit, complete, share or delete your simulations



Manage your scenarios

Select a scenario from pre-defined scenarios

If you wish, you may pre-define **country groups** and/or **product groups** for future searches through the links located above the icons:

Before starting your query you can also create customized country and product groups using the [Manage country groups](#) and [Manage product groups](#) options.

TARIFF REDUCTION SIMULATION STEP 1/3

WHAT?

You are defining a set of parameters to execute a **Tariff reduction simulation** in Market Access Map. In this first step you can name your simulation and choose between [applied tariffs](#) and [final bound rates](#).

HOW?

1. **Name** your new simulation e.g. Canada textile imports from CARICOM
2. Write an accompanying **Description** for future reference
3. Use the drop-down menu to choose whether to run your simulation using:

**Applied tariffs reduction -
for unilateral, bilateral and
regional negotiations
(SCENARIO A)**

- Refer to import duties actually levied by customs at the border
- Should not exceed the final bound rate for the same product
- MFN rates and unilateral tariff preferences are set by the importing country, while preferential rates are negotiated through trade agreements

**Final bound rates reduction
- for mulateral/WTO
negotiations
(SCENARIO B)**

- Refer to tariff ceilings committed by the WTO Member countries in the context of GATT/WTO negotiations
- The word "final" implies that these are the ceilings in force at the final stage of implementation of a reduction schedule

NOTE

For more info on the difference between applied tariffs and final bound rates see the [FAQ_sub-module](#).

Tariff reduction simulation

Step 1/3

Enter a name and a description for your simulation.

Then select whether you want to simulate tariff reductions on applied tariffs or bound rates.

Name:

Canada textile imports from CARICOM

Description:

Canada textile imports (HS2 code 62)
from CARICOM

Applied tariffs

<< Back

Proceed >>

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TARIFF REDUCTION SIMULATION STEP 2/3 – SCENARIO A

WHAT?

You are defining a set of parameters to execute a **Tariff reduction simulation** of [applied tariffs](#) in order to prepare for bilateral or regional trade negotiations. In this second step you define your reduction scenario, countries and products.

HOW?

1. Choose the **AVE methodology** you would like to use. You can select AVEs based on the:
 - World Tariff Profile (WTP) methodology
 - World Unit Value (WUV) methodology
2. Choose the **Tariff rate for aggregations** you would like to use. You can aggregate tariffs applied at the NTL using the:
 - Maximum rates applied to products at the NTL
 - Minimum rates applied to products at the NTL

NOTE

Select “Maximum rate” for applied tariff rate simulations if you do not want to take into account the existing preferences.

In general, “non-preferential rate” refers to the [most favoured nation \(MFN\)](#) rate applied by WTO member countries and the General tariff applied by countries outside the WTO. However, some countries apply both MFN rates (to their WTO partners) and General tariffs (to other countries) e.g. the Russian Federation and the United States of America. In this case, Market Access Map will show the highest rate, hence the term “maximum rate”.

Select “Minimum rate” for applied tariff rate simulations if you simulate further tariff reductions for countries that already have trade agreements or grant unilateral tariff preferences.

In general, “preferential rate” refers to the preferences granted to partner countries in the context of [trade agreements](#) or unilateral tariff preferences. These rates are lower than MFN or General tariffs. Several preferential schemes may exist between two countries, e.g. a regional trade agreement and the [Generalized System of Preferences \(GSP\)](#). In this case Market Access Map will show the lowest rate, hence the term “minimum rates”. If no preferential schemes exist between selected countries, the MFN or General tariff will be displayed.

*For more information on these parameters and the underlying calculations, see the [Methodology](#) page in the **Support materials** sub-module.*

3. Select the **Importers** for which you want to analyse the tariff reduction schedule using the country selection menu e.g. Canada
4. Select the **Products** for which you want to analyse the tariff reduction schedule using the product selection menu e.g. 62 – Articles of apparel and clothing accessories
5. Select your **Exporters** using the country selection menu e.g. all Caribbean Community (CARICOM) members

Importers:*

Canada

< Modify >

1 Countrie(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Products:

62 Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted

1 Item(s) Selected

Exporters

Antigua and Barbuda

Bahamas

Barbados

Belize

Dominica

< Modify >

15 Countrie(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Scenario:

Create new scenario

☒ Swiss red. 20% with 12% ceiling

☒ Linear red. 20% with 12% ceiling

☒ Swiss red. 20%

☒ Linear red. 20%

☐ Linear red 5% ceiling 3%

☐ 184102

☐ ask1234567

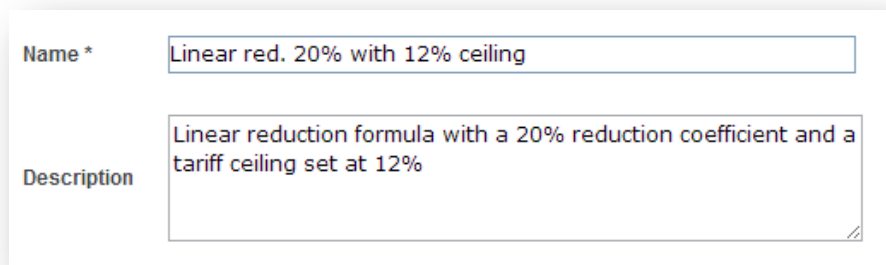
Type of View:

Products View

6. Choose any number of existing tariff reduction **Scenarios**, or create a new one by selecting [Create new scenario](#)

The **Create new scenario** pop-up window allows you to define and save specific tariff reduction formula using the desired reduction coefficients, tariff ceilings and other criteria. Before creating a new scenario remember to:

- a) **Name** your scenario. Using a descriptive name will make it easier to select the correct scenario from the selection menu in the future
- b) Add an optional scenario **Description**



Name *

Description

- c) Choose a **Tariff reduction formula** from the drop-down menu:
 - i) The **Linear Formula** reduces all tariff rates by the reduction coefficient you have entered e.g. 20%. You may choose to add a **tariff ceiling** after your formula has been applied by ticking the box and entering the desired percentage e.g. 12%



Tariff reduction formula : ▼ **[initial tariff] x (1 - [reduction coefficient])**

Apply a reduction coefficient of

☒ Fix the tariff ceiling at a maximum rate of after applying formula.

NOTE

A tariff ceiling checks the tariff rate *AFTER* the tariff reduction prescribed by the formula. If the reduced tariff exceeds the ceiling, the tariff is replaced by the ceiling tariff rate.

- ii) The **Swiss simple formula** reduces all tariff rates based on the reduction coefficient you have entered and according to the formula below. Just as before, you may add a **tariff ceiling**

Tariff reduction formula : Swiss Simple Formula ▼
$$\frac{([\text{initial tariff}] \times [\text{reduction coefficient}])}{([\text{initial tariff}] + [\text{reduction coefficient}])}$$

Apply a reduction coefficient of 20.00 % .
☒ Fix the tariff ceiling at a maximum rate of 12.00 % after applying formula.

NOTE

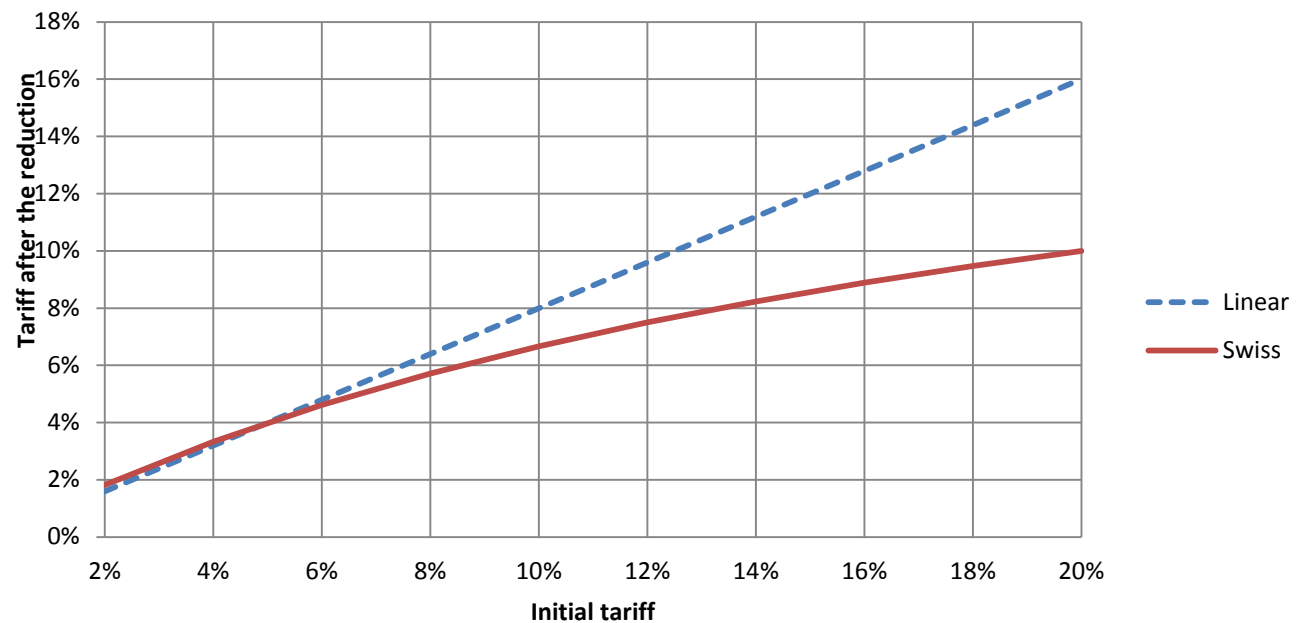
Tariff reduction formulas define the relationship between the initial tariff structure and the reduced tariff structure.

The **Linear formula** is defined as **initial tariff * (1-reduction coefficient)**. This is the simplest type of tariff reduction and the standard way a percentage reduction is calculated.

The **Swiss formula** is defined as **(initial tariff x reduction coefficient) / (initial tariff + reduction coefficient)**. The Swiss formula cuts higher tariffs disproportionately more than the linear formula and can be used to eliminate tariff peaks.

As an example, see the effect of the Swiss formula and the linear formula below. Although the reduction coefficient is the same, the tariffs after reduction are very different.

**Linear vs. Swiss Formula: Reduced Tariff
using a 20% reduction coefficient**



- iii) The **Tiered Approach** reduces tariff rates depending on the **Range** an initial tariff falls into. For each tariff range, you can choose to reduce tariffs using either a linear or Swiss formula in the drop-down menu.

Tiered Approach ▼

Range 1:
 For tariffs below 5.00 % apply Linear formula ▼ with a reduction coefficient of 10.00 %
☒ Fix the tariff ceiling at a limit of 3.00 %

Range 2:
 From 5.00 % to 10.00 % apply Linear formula ▼ with a reduction coefficient of 20.00 %
☐ Fix the tariff ceiling at a limit of 0

Range 3:
 From 10.00 % to 25.00 % apply Linear formula ▼ with a reduction coefficient of 25.00 %
☐ Fix the tariff ceiling at a limit of 0

Range 4:
 For Tariffs greater than or equal to 25.00 % apply Linear formula ▼ with a reduction coefficient of 35.00 %
☐ Fix the tariff ceiling at a limit of 0

For each range you may choose to add a **tariff ceiling** after selecting your formula by ticking the box and entering the desired percentage

NOTE

You define a range by setting a lower and/or upper limit. Ranges must be defined in INCREASING order of initial tariff rate. Therefore, you enter only an upper limit for the first rate and only the lower limit for the last range.

- iv) The **User defined** option reduces tariff rates according to a formula you define yourself e.g. subtracting 30% from the initial tariff and then halving the remaining rate

Tariff reduction formula : User defined (T-0.3)/2

☐ Fix the tariff ceiling at a maximum rate of 0 after applying formula.

Rules for user defined formula:

1. Use the letter "T" to denote the initial tariff.
2. Use arithmetic symbols like *,/,+,- (Example T * 0.5).
3. Express percentages as 30% = 0.3

Saved scenarios will appear in the scenario selected box next time you set your parameters for a reduction simulation.

7. Select the **Type of view** for the results page. In the drop down menu, you can choose between:
- Products view
 - Importers view
 - Exporters view

NOTE

You can easily switch between the type of view in the results page. The default setting is products view.

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TARIFF REDUCTION SIMULATION STEP 3/3 – PRODUCTS VIEW – SCENARIO A

WHAT?

The **Products view** tab of the simulation result shows the tariff rate reductions that apply on each product between **one importing** and **one exporting** country.

[Applied tariffs](#) appear in the table following the **query overview**. From left to right, the table columns list the:

- [Harmonized System \(HS\) Product Code](#)
- **Product description**
- **Total ad valorem equivalent tariff** before the reduction
- [Ad valorem equivalent \(AVE\)](#) tariff after the reduction under the **[scenario name]** heading e.g. “Linear red. 20%”. This is the result of running the scenario on the existing tariff once e.g. the AVE of the original tariff of 18% levied by Canada on the product HS 620111 imported from Barbados was decreased by 3.60% to 14.40%. This column will be repeated for every **[scenario name]** you have selected in the previous step
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the importing country beyond the selected [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) classification. This is shown only for results with product aggregations e.g. at HS6 or HS4 level

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by selecting the:

1. **Importing country** from the drop-down menu, offering you the choice between any countries selected as *importers* in the previous step
2. **Exporting country** from the drop-down menu, offering you the choice between any countries selected as *exporters* in the previous step

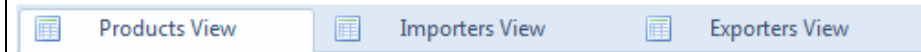
After changing the original selection, press [Show Results](#) to update the table.

You may download the data from the table directly by selecting [Download](#)

You can change the level of aggregation of the product(s) displayed in the table at any time using the **Product level** drop-down menu.

NOTE

You can switch tables by selecting the desired tab at the top of the page:



Products View

Importers View

Exporters View

Importing country:

Canada

Exporting country:

Antigua and Barbuda

Show Results

Download

Data source: **MACMAP**
Year: **2014**
Nomenclature: **HS Rev.2012**
AVE estimation methodology: **AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)**
Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level): **Reference group imports**
Tariff rate for aggregations (only at the HS6, HS4 and HS2 level): **Minimum rates**

Product Level:

HS6

Product code	Product description	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	Linear red. 20%	Swiss red. 20%	Linear red. 20% with 12% ceiling	Swiss red. 20% with 12% ceiling	N° of corresponding national tariff lines
620111	Mens/boys overcoats&similar articles of wool/fine animal hair,not knit	18.00%	14.40%	9.47%	12.00%	9.47%	1
620112	Mens/boys overcoats and similar articles of cotton, not knitted	17.00%	13.60%	9.19%	12.00%	9.19%	1
620113	Mens/boys overcoats & similar articles of man-made fibres,not knitted	18.00%	14.40%	9.47%	12.00%	9.47%	1
620119	Mens/boys overcoats&sim articles of oth textile materials,not knitted	17.00%	13.60%	9.19%	12.00%	9.19%	1
620191	Mens/boys anoraks&similar articles,of wool/fine animal hair,not knitted	18.00%	14.40%	9.47%	12.00%	9.47%	1

NOTE

When you have defined a tariff ceiling, the **[scenario name]** column will return the ceiling as long as the AVE tariff after the reduction exceeds this ceiling. Here Canada levies tariffs of 18% on HS6 product 620111. After a reduction of 20%, the resulting tariff is 14.40%. This rate is in excess of the 12% ceiling set by [Linear red. 20% with 12% ceiling]. Therefore, the simulation returns the ceiling value in the [Linear red. 20% with 12% ceiling] column.

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TARIFF REDUCTION SIMULATION STEP 3/3 – IMPORTERS VIEW – SCENARIO A

WHAT?

The **Importers view** tab of the simulation results shows tariff reductions applied to one exporting country by all the importing countries selected in your query for a single product at a time.

Simulation results appear in the table following the **query overview**. From left to right, the table columns list the:

- **Importing country**
- **Year** in which the tariff rate applies
- **Data source**
- **Total ad valorem equivalent tariff** *before the reduction*
- **Ad valorem equivalent (AVE)** tariff *after the reduction* under the **[scenario name]** heading e.g. “Linear red. 20%”. This is the result of running the scenario on the existing tariff once e.g. the AVE of the original tariff of 18% levied by Canada on the product HS 620111 imported from Barbados was decreased by 3.60% to 14.40%. This column will be repeated for every **[scenario name]** you have selected in the previous step
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the importing country beyond the selected **Harmonized System (HS)** classification
- **Nomenclature** indicating which **HS revision** is used by the importing country

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by selecting the:

1. **Exporting country** from the drop-down menu, offering you the choice between any countries selected as *exporters* in the previous step e.g. all CARICOM countries
2. **Product** from the drop-down menu, which is conditional upon the selected level of product aggregation HS2-HS4-HS6 e.g. 620111 – Mens/boys overcoats

Product: 

HS2	HS4	HS6	National Tariff Line Code
620111 - Mens/boys overcoats&similar articles of wool/fine animal ▼			

NOTE

As this tab shows tariffs across importing countries, you cannot disaggregate to the [national tariff line \(NTL\) code](#).

After changing the original selection, press [Show Results](#) to update the table.

You may download the data from the table by selecting [Download](#)

Products View

Importers View

Exporters View

Exporting Country:

Barbados

Product:

HS2

HS4

HS6

National Tariff Line Code

620111 - Mens/boys overcoats&similar articles of wool/fine anim

Show Results

Download

Data source: **MACMAP**
 AVE estimation methodology: **AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)**
 Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level): **Reference group imports**
 Tariff rate for aggregations (only at the HS6, HS4 and HS2 level): **Minimum rates**

Importing country	Year	Data source	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	Linear red. 20%	Swiss red. 20%	Linear red. 20% with 12% ceiling	Swiss red. 20% with 12% ceiling	N° of corresponding tariff lines	Nomenclature
Canada	2012	(ITC)	18.00%	14.40%	9.47%	12.00%	9.47%	3	HS Rev.2012

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1

⏩

⏭

Page size: 10

1 items in 1 pages

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TARIFF REDUCTION SIMULATION STEP 3/3 – EXPORTERS VIEW – SCENARIO A

WHAT?

The **Exporters view** tab of the simulation result shows the impact of your tariff reduction simulation on the tariffs applied by one **importing country** to all the **exporting countries** selected in your query for one product at a time.

Simulation results appear in the table following the **query overview**. From left to right, the table columns list the:

- **Exporting country** e.g. any CARICOM country
- **Total Ad Valorem Equivalent (AVE) tariff** *before the reduction*
- **Ad Valorem Equivalent (AVE)** tariff *after the reduction* under the **[scenario name]** heading e.g. “Linear red. 20%”. This is the result of running the scenario on the existing tariff once e.g. the AVE of the original tariff of 18% levied by Canada on the product HS 620111 imported from Barbados was decreased by 3.60% to 14.40%. This column will be repeated for every **[scenario name]** you have selected in the previous step
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines (NTLs)**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the importing country beyond the selected **Harmonized System (HS)** classification (shown only for results with product aggregations, e.g. at HS6 or HS4 level)

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by selecting the:

1. **Importing country** from the drop-down menu, offering you the choice between any countries selected as *importers* in the previous step e.g. Canada
2. **Product** from the drop-down menu, which is conditional upon the selected level of product aggregation, i.e. HS2-HS4-HS6-**national tariff line (NTL)** product code

Importing country:

Product:

Product aggregation levels:

After changing the original selection, press [Show Results](#) to update the table

You may download the data from the table by selecting [Download](#)

Products View

Importers View

Exporters View

Importing country:

Canada

Product*

HS2

HS4

HS6

National Tariff Line Code

620111-Mens/boys overcoats&similar articles of wool/fine anima

Show Results

Download

Data source: **MACMAP**

Year: **2014**

Nomenclature: **HS Rev.2012**

No. of corresponding national tariff lines: **1**

AVE estimation methodology: **AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)**

Aggregation methodology (only at the HS4 and HS2 level): **Reference group imports**

Tariff rate for aggregations (only at the HS6, HS4 and HS2 level): **Minimum rates**

Exporting country	Total ad valorem equivalent tariff	Linear red. 20%	Swiss red. 20%	Linear red. 20% with 12% ceiling	Swiss red. 20% with 12% ceiling	No. of corresponding national tariff lines
Antigua and Barbuda	18.00%	14.40%	9.47%	12.00%	9.47%	1
Bahamas	18.00%	14.40%	9.47%	12.00%	9.47%	1
Barbados	18.00%	14.40%	9.47%	12.00%	9.47%	1

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TARIFF REDUCTION SIMULATION STEP 2/3 – SCENARIO B

WHAT?

You are defining a set of parameters to execute a **Tariff reduction simulation** of [final bound rates](#), e.g. to prepare for multilateral (WTO) negotiations. In this second step you select countries, products and reduction formulae.

HOW?

Step 2/3 requires you to set the **parameters** for your query.

1. **Data source** is selected by default. We use the official source for final bound rates, the WTO (CTS) database
2. **AVE methodology** is also selected by default. In the final bound rates scenario, we report the [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#) calculated according to the World Tariff Profile (WTP) methodology
3. Select the **Importers** for which you want to analyse the tariff reduction schedule using the country selection menu e.g. Canada

NOTE

*For more information on the underlying AVE calculations, see the [Methodology](#) page in the **Support materials** sub-module.*

Only select countries that are members of the WTO when analysing final bound rates. These rates are negotiated in a GATT/WTO context and therefore are only applicable to the WTO Member countries. Final bound rates do not exist for non-members. Accordingly, no records will be displayed.

4. Select the **Products** for which you want to analyse the tariff reduction schedule using the product selection menu e.g. 62 – Articles of apparel and clothing accessories

Query name: Canada textile imports from CARICOM final bound rates
Query description: Canada textile imports from CARICOM final bound rates

Data source: WTO (CTS) ▼

AVE Methodology: AVE based on the World Tariff Pl ▼

Importers:* Canada ✕ < Modify >
1 Country(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Products:* 62 Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted ✕ < Modify >
1 Item(s) Selected

Scenario:*

Create new scenario

- ☒ Swiss red. 20% with 12% ceiling
- ☒ Linear red. 20% with 12% ceiling
- ☒ Swiss red. 20%
- ☒ Linear red. 20%
- ☐ Linear red 5% ceiling 3%
- ☐ 184102
- ☐ ask1234567

Type of view: Products view ▼

5. Choose any number of existing tariff reduction **Scenarios**, or create a new one by selecting [Create new scenario](#)

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TARIFF REDUCTION SIMULATION STEP 3/3 – PRODUCTS VIEW – SCENARIO B

WHAT?

The **Products view** tab of the simulation result shows the tariff rate reductions that apply on each product between **one importing** and **one exporting** country.

[Final bound rates](#) appear in the table following the **query overview**. From left to right, the table columns list the:

- [Harmonized System \(HS\) Product Code](#)
- **Product description**
- **Total Ad Valorem Equivalent (AVG of underlying NTLs)** before the reduction
- [Ad valorem equivalent \(AVE\)](#) tariff after the reduction under the **[scenario name]** heading e.g. “Linear red. 20%”. This is the result of running the scenario on the existing tariff once e.g. the AVE of the original tariff of 18% levied by Canada on the product HS 620111 imported from Barbados was decreased by 3.60% to 14.40%. This column will be repeated for every **[scenario name]** you have selected in the previous step
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines (NTLs)**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the importing country beyond the selected Harmonized System (HS) classification (shown only for results with product aggregations, e.g. at HS6 or HS4 level)
- **Minimum applied rate**

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by selecting the **Importing country** from the drop-down menu, offering you the choice between any countries selected as *importers* in the previous step

After changing the original selection, press [Show Results](#) to update the table.

You may download the data from the table directly by selecting [Download](#)

You can change the level of aggregation of the product(s) displayed in the table at any time using the **Product level** drop-down menu.

NOTE

You can switch tables by selecting the desired tab at the top of the page:



Products View

Importers View

Importing Country:

Canada

Show Results

Download

Final bound rate data source: CTS
 Nomenclature: HS Rev 2002
 AVE estimation methodology: AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)

Product Level:

HS6

Product code	Product description	Total ad valorem equivalent (AVG of underlying NTLs)	Linear red. 20%	Swiss red. 20%	Linear red. 20% with 12% ceiling	Swiss red. 20% with 12% ceiling	No. of corresponding national tariff lines	MFN applied rate
620111	Mens/boys overcoats&similar articles of wool/fine animal hair,not knit	18.00%	14.40%	9.47%	12.00%	9.47%	1	18.00%
620112	Mens/boys overcoats and similar articles of cotton, not knitted	17.00%	13.60%	9.19%	12.00%	9.19%	1	17.00%
620113	Mens/boys overcoats & similar articles of man-made fibres,not knitted	18.00%	14.40%	9.47%	12.00%	9.47%	1	18.00%

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TARIFF REDUCTION SIMULATION STEP 3/3 – IMPORTERS VIEW – SCENARIO B

WHAT?

The **Importers view** tab of the simulation results shows [final bound rate](#) reductions applied to one exporting country by all the importing countries selected in your query for a single product at a time.

Simulation results appear in the table following the **query overview**. From left to right, the table columns list the:

- **Importing country**
- **No. of corresponding national tariff lines**, indicating how many national subdivisions are made by the importing country beyond the selected [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) classification
- **Total Ad Valorem Equivalent (AVG of underlying NTLs)** before the reduction
- **Ad valorem equivalent (AVE)** tariff *after the reduction* under the **[scenario name]** heading e.g. “Linear red. 20%”. This is the result of running the scenario on the existing tariff once e.g. the AVE of the original tariff of 18% levied by Canada on the product HS 620111 imported from Barbados was decreased by 3.60% to 14.40%. This column will be repeated for every **[scenario name]** you have selected in the previous step
- **MFN applied rate**
- **MFN applied rate year**
- **Nomenclature** indicating which [HS revision](#) is used by the importing country

HOW?

You can control the data displayed in the table by selecting the **Product** from the drop-down menu, which is conditional upon the selected level of product aggregation HS2-HS4-HS6 e.g. 620111 Mens/boys overcoats

Product:* HS2 HS4 HS6 National Tariff Line Code

620111-Mens/boys overcoats&similar articles of wool/fine anima ▼

NOTE

As this tab shows tariffs across importing countries, you cannot disaggregate to the [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#) code.

After changing the original selection, press [Show Results](#) to update the table.

You may download the data from the table by selecting [Download](#)

Products View

Importers View

Product:*

HS2

HS4

HS6

National Tariff Line Code

620111-Mens/boys overcoats&similar articles of wool/fine anima

Show Results

Download

Data source: CTS
AVE estimation methodology: **AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP)**

Importing country	No. of corresponding tariff lines	Total ad valorem equivalent (AVG of underlying NTLs)	Linear red. 20%	Swiss red. 20%	Linear red. 20% with 12% ceiling	Swiss red. 20% with 12% ceiling	MFN applied rate	MFN applied rate year	Nomenclature
Canada	1	18.00%	14.40%	9.47%	12.00%	9.47%	18.00%	2012	HS Rev 2002

⏮

⏪

1

⏩

⏭

Page size: 10

1 items in 1 pages

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ADVANCED ANALYSIS – MANAGE YOUR QUERIES

WHAT?

The **Manage your queries** page displays a list of all the queries you previously created in the *Tariff analysis* and *Tariff reduction simulation* sub-modules. Here you can edit, complete, execute or delete your queries.

The queries are listed in a table with the following columns:

- **Name** shows the name you entered for your original query
- **Description** lists the description you entered for your original query. As this was an optional entry, cells in this column may be blank
- **Type** shows the basic query properties you selected for your query in step 1/3
- **Created on** shows the date on which the query was created. This is followed by the date and time of the last query run's start and finish

HOW?

- Select **Edit** on the left-hand side of the table to re-enter step 1/3 of the query definition. All fields will be completed exactly as they were saved at the last query run. You can modify any field
- Select **Execute** on the right hand side of the table to re-run a query using the exact same parameters as those entered at the last query run. You will be redirected to the **Products view** result page
- Select  on the right hand side of the table to delete the query from the list

List of your queries.

Here you can edit, complete, execute or delete your simulations.

Create new

	Name	Description	Type	Created on			
Edit	Canada textile imports from CARICOM final bound rates	Canada textile imports from CARICOM final bound rates	Bound	22/11/2013	Started: 22/11/2013 17:45 Completed: 22/11/2013 17:45 Duration:	Execute	✗
Edit	Canada textile imports from CARICOM	Canada textile imports (HS2 code 62) from CARICOM	Applied tariffs simulation	22/11/2013	Started: 22/11/2013 17:39 Completed: 22/11/2013 17:39 Duration:	Execute	✗
Edit	Tariff reduction simulation 21-11-13 06:08:25		Applied tariffs simulation	21/11/2013	Started: Completed: Duration:	Execute	✗
					Started:		

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RAW DATA DOWNLOAD

WHAT?

The **Raw data download** module allows you to download different types of data using the following sub-modules:

- *Tariff data download*
- *Non-tariff measures download*
- *Trade data download*

These sub-modules are designed for researchers and analysts who want to download larger amounts of data to conduct their own analysis and calculations.

To accommodate those users looking for customized data, the search function has been made as flexible as possible in this module. In order to speed up query download times, no graphs or analyses are provided in this module.

HOW?

You can find the module **Raw data download** on the navigation bar at the top of the page. When you move your cursor over the **Raw data download** tab, you will see a drop-down menu listing the different sub-modules. Choose any one of them clicking on the desired sub-module heading.



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TARIFF DATA DOWNLOAD

WHAT?

In the **Tariff data download** sub-module you can download up to 50,000 rows of data on [applied tariffs](#) and [final bound rates](#) per day. By defining your query, you may download data for multiple years, products and countries.

NOTE

*Due to data protection considerations, you cannot download the current year's data. However, you will be able to access and analyse these data using the sub-module **Tariff analysis**.*

FEATURES

This sub-module offers you the following set of options:

1. **Prepare a new download** lets you define a new set of parameters for your download
2. **Manage your downloads** lets you edit, complete, share or delete previously defined downloads
3. **Download predefined queries** lets you execute or modify searches that have been set by default as examples



Prepare a new download

Set the parameters of your new download



Manage your downloads

Edit, complete, share or delete your downloads



Download predefined queries

Download the results of predefined queries

If you wish, you may pre-define **country groups** and/or **product groups** for future searches using the links above the icons.

Before starting your query you can also create customized country and product groups using the [Manage country groups](#) and [Manage product groups](#) options.

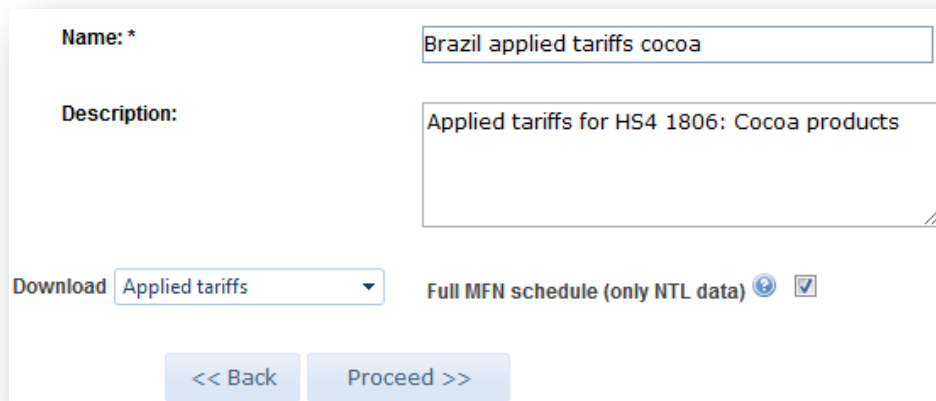
TARIFF DATA DOWNLOAD STEP 1/3

WHAT?

You are defining a new set of parameters in order to download tariff data from Market Access Map. First, you need to decide whether to download [applied tariffs](#) (paid at customs) or [final bound rates](#) (legal commitments in the GATT/WTO framework).

HOW?

1. **Name** your new download query
2. You may want to add an accompanying **Description** for future reference
3. Choose between downloading **Applied tariffs** or **Final bound rates** in the **Download** drop-down menu



The screenshot shows a web form for defining a new download query. It has three main sections: 'Name', 'Description', and 'Download'. The 'Name' section has a text input field containing 'Brazil applied tariffs cocoa'. The 'Description' section has a larger text area containing 'Applied tariffs for HS4 1806: Cocoa products'. The 'Download' section has a dropdown menu set to 'Applied tariffs' and a checkbox labeled 'Full MFN schedule (only NTL data)' which is checked. At the bottom, there are two buttons: '<< Back' and 'Proceed >>'.

Name: *	Brazil applied tariffs cocoa
Description:	Applied tariffs for HS4 1806: Cocoa products
Download	Applied tariffs
	Full MFN schedule (only NTL data) ☒
<< Back Proceed >>	

4. Keep the **Full MFN schedule** box checked if you want to quickly download the complete [most favoured nation \(MFN\)](#) tariff schedule applied by a single country for a single year to all products at the [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#) level.

If you uncheck the box you can select and download MFN and [preferential tariffs](#) for multiple countries and multiple years at different levels of product aggregations (i.e. HS2, HS4, HS6, NTL)

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TARIFF DATA DOWNLOAD STEP 2/3 – APPLIED TARIFFS

WHAT?

You are defining a new set of parameters to execute a data download for [applied tariffs](#) in Market Access Map.

HOW? SCENARIO A – FULL MFN SCHEDULE

Step 2/3 requires you to set the **parameters** for your query. If you have checked the **Full MFN schedule** box in the previous step, you must now choose the:.

1. **AVE methodology** to calculate the AVEs of [non-ad valorem \(NAV\)](#) tariffs. While the default setting is AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP), you may also select AVE based on the [World Unit Value](#)
2. **Importer** country e.g. Brazil
3. **Year** for which you want to download applied tariff rates. The application automatically selects the latest available year

Query name: Brazil applied tariffs cocoa
Query description: Applied tariffs for HS4 1806: Cocoa products

AVE methodology: AVE based on the World Tariff Pr ▼

Importer:* Brazil ▼

Year:* 2011 ▼ Latest year available : 2012

<< Back Execute >>

HOW? SCENARIO B – MFN AND PREFERENTIAL RATES

If you have deselected the **Full MFN schedule** box in the previous step, you must now choose the following parameters for your download:

1. **AVE methodology** to calculate [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#) of [non-ad valorem \(NAV\)](#) tariffs. While the default setting is AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP), you may also select AVE based on the [World Unit Value](#)
2. **Product level** either at HS aggregation (HS2, HS4, HS6) or [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#). When you select NTL, the **Aggregation method** and **Tariff rate for aggregation** parameters become irrelevant and disappear
3. **Aggregation methodology** for the tariff data. Market Access Map gives you the possibility to choose between:
 - Bilateral imports
 - Reference group imports
 - World imports
4. **Tariff rate for aggregation**, which either looks at minimum rates or maximum rates. For more information on product aggregation, see the [Methodology](#) sub-module
5. **Importers**, either as individual countries or as groups
6. **Products** at the level of aggregation selected in step 3
7. **Exporters**, individually or by group
8. **Year(s)** for which you want to download applied tariff rates. The application automatically selects the latest available year

Query name: Applied tariffs cocoa

Query description: Applied tariffs for HS4 1806: Cocoa products

AVE methodology:

AVE based on the World Tariff Pr ▼

Product Level:*

HS aggregation ▼

Aggregation methodology: ⓘ

Reference group imports ▼

Tariff rate for aggregations: ⓘ

Minimum rates ▼

Importers:*

Belgium ✕

< Modify >

1 Country(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Products:*

1806 Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa ✕

1 Item(s) Selected

Exporters:*

Côte d'Ivoire ✕
Indonesia ✕
Brazil ✕

< Modify >

3 Country(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Year:* ⓘ

☒ 2012

☐ 2011

☐ 2010

☐ 2009



<< Back

Execute >>

[\[Return to the Table of Contents\]](#)

TARIFF DATA DOWNLOAD STEP 2/3 – FINAL BOUND RATES

WHAT?

You are defining a new set of parameters to execute a data download for [final bound rates](#) in Market Access Map.

HOW?

If you have deselected the **Full MFN schedule** box in the previous step, you must now choose the following parameters for your download:

1. **Data source** is selected by default. We use the official source for final bound rates, the WTO (CTS) database
2. **AVE methodology** is also selected by default. In the final bound rates scenario, we report the [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#) calculated according to the World Tariff Profile (WTP) methodology
3. **Product level** is only available at the HS aggregation (HS2, HS4, HS6). When using WTO final bound rates, tariff structures at the [national tariff line \(NTL\)](#) become irrelevant
4. **Importers**, either as individual countries or as groups
5. **Products** at the HS aggregation level

Query name: Brazil final bound rates cocoa

Query description: Final bound rates for HS4 1806

Data source:

AVE methodology:

Product level:

Importers:*  [< Modify >](#)

1 Countrie(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Products:*  [< Modify >](#)

1 Item(s) Selected

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TARIFF DATA DOWNLOAD STEP 3/3

WHAT?

In the final step your query is executed. You will be notified by email when the query results are ready to be downloaded. This email notification can be switched on and off under the **Options** module.

Tariff data download

Step 3/3

Your query has been executed. As soon as the data will be ready to be downloaded you will receive a mail notification

 Query is running...



Once your data has been prepared for downloading, you will see an overview of the download query noting the query **Name** and **Description** followed by the remaining number of downloading records for your Market Access Map account.

Your query has been executed. As soon as the data will be ready to be downloaded you will receive a mail notification.

Name : **Applied tariffs cocoa**

Description : **Applied tariffs for HS4 1806: Cocoa products**

No. of Records : **3**

Remaining Records

Logs

You have:

You have 50 thousand records remaining for today.

You have 350 thousand records remaining for this week.

You have 13 million records remaining for this year.

Data Format

☒ CSV ☐ Zip ☐ Excel(with template)

Download

Finally, you may select a **Data Format** for your download between:

- CSV
- Zip
- Excel (with template)

You can get an overview of previous downloads or change your current query by pressing [Manage Downloads](#) or [Modify Query](#) respectively

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NON- TARIFF MEASURES DOWNLOAD

WHAT?

In the **Non-tariff measures download** sub-module you can download up to 50,000 rows of data on [non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#). By defining your query, you may download data for multiple years, products and countries.

FEATURES

This sub-module offers you the following set of options:

1. **Prepare a new download** lets you define a new set of parameters for your download
2. **Manage your downloads** lets you edit, complete, share or delete previously defined downloads



Prepare a new download
Set the parameters of your new download



Manage your downloads
Edit, complete, share or delete your downloads

If you wish, you may pre-define **country groups** and/or **product groups** for future searches using the links above the icons:

Before starting your query you can also create customized country and product groups using the [Manage country groups](#) and [Manage product groups](#) options.

NON-TARIFF MEASURES DOWNLOAD STEP 1/3

WHAT?

You are defining a new set of parameters to execute a [non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#) data download in Market Access Map.

HOW?

1. **Name** your new download query
2. You may want to add an accompanying **Description** for future reference

Non-tariff measures data download
Step 1/3

Enter the name and the description of your query.

Name:*

Description:

<< Back Next >>

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NON-TARIFF MEASURES DOWNLOAD STEP 2/3

WHAT?

You are defining a new set of parameters to download [non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#) data in flat format (by product and type of measure) from Market Access Map.

HOW?

Step 2/3 requires you to set the **parameters** for your query. You must now choose:

1. **Type of measure** you are looking for. You can choose between
 - Measures applied to imports
 - Measures applied to exports
 - All measures
2. **Reporter** applying the measures e.g. Belgium
3. **Products** for which these measures apply e.g. HS4 code 1806 – Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa
4. **Partner** country(ies) from where the product is importer or to where the product is exported
5. **Year** for which the data is available in Market Access Map

NOTE

*Only years for which data is available will be displayed under **Year**.*

Query name: Belgium NTMs cocoa

Query description: NTMs for importer Belgium of Brazilian cacao products (HS1806: chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa)

Type of measure: Measures applied to imports ▼

Reporter: Belgium ✕ [< Modify >](#)

1 Country(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Products: 1806 Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa ✕ [< Modify >](#)

1 Item(s) Selected

Partner: Côte d'Ivoire ✕
Indonesia ✕
Brazil ✕ [< Modify >](#)

3 Country(s) / Country Group(s) Selected

Year:  ☒ 2010

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NON-TARIFF MEASURES DOWNLOAD STEP 3/3

WHAT?

In the final step your query is executed and you are able to download the results. You will be notified by email when the query results are ready to download.

Non-tariff measures download

Step 3/3

Your query has been executed. As soon as the data will be ready to be downloaded you will receive a mail notification.

 Query is queued for execution



[Refresh Now](#)

Once your data has been prepared for downloading, you will see an overview of the download query noting the query **Name** and **Description** followed by the remaining number of downloading records on your Market Access Map account.

Your query has been executed. As soon as the data will be ready to be downloaded you will receive a mail notification.

Name: Belgium NTMs cocoa

Description: NTMs for importer Belgium of Brazilian cacao products (HS1806: chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa)

No of Records: 0

Remaining Records

Logs

You have:

You have 49 thousand records remaining for today.
You have 349 thousand records remaining for this week.
You have 13 million records remaining for this year.

Data Format

☒ CSV ☐ Zip ☐ Excel(with template)

Download

Finally, you may select a **Data Format** for your download between:

- CSV
- Zip
- Excel (with template)

You can get an overview of previous downloads or change your current query by pressing [Manage Downloads](#) or [Modify Query](#) respectively.

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TRADE DATA DOWNLOAD

TRADE DATA DOWNLOAD STEP 1/2

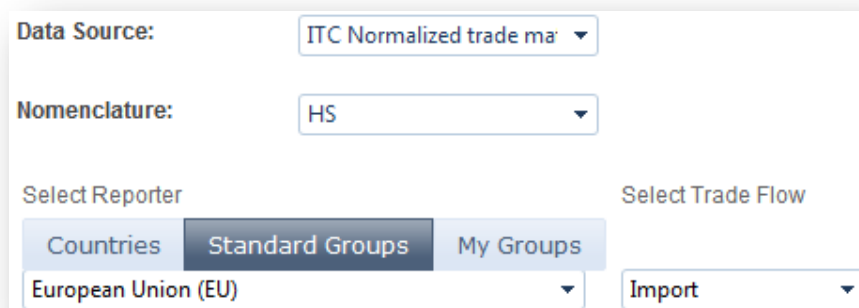
WHAT?

The **Trade data download** sub-module allows you to download data on the value of trade flows between two countries or two country groups for several years and products.

HOW?

Step 1/2 of the **Trade data download** sub-module requires you to set the parameters for your query. You must select the:

1. **Data source** for your download. In the drop-down menu you can choose between the:
 - ITC (Normalized trade matrix), which is the default option
 - ITC (MAcMap) - UNSD (UN Comtrade) database
2. **Reporter** country(ies). You can also select Standard Groups and/or Custom Groups e.g. European Union
3. **Trade flow**, either Import or Export (or Re-export and Re-import if UN Comtrade is selected as the data source)



The screenshot shows a web form for the 'Trade data download' step 1/2. It contains the following fields and options:

- Data Source:** A dropdown menu with 'ITC Normalized trade ma' selected.
- Nomenclature:** A dropdown menu with 'HS' selected.
- Select Reporter:** A section with three tabs: 'Countries', 'Standard Groups' (which is active), and 'My Groups'. Below the tabs is a dropdown menu with 'European Union (EU)' selected.
- Select Trade Flow:** A dropdown menu with 'Import' selected.

4. **Partner** country
5. **Year(s)** for which to download the trade data

Select Partner

Select Year(s)

Countries

Standard Groups

My Groups

Brazil

2011,2010,200

Add

After selecting steps 3 to 6, press **Add** in order to enter your selection into the **Selected countries and Years** box. You can include multiple combinations for countries and years in your download by clicking **Add** after each selection.

NOTE

Remember to **Add** each bilateral trade flow after you have selected it.

The **Selected countries and Years** box restates the combination(s) you added and allows you to move between pages using a navigation bar at the bottom of the table. You may delete combinations from your download query by clicking  in the left column of the table.

Selected Countries and Years (*):

	Reporter		Partner	Year	Revisions	
▶	European Union (EU)	import	Brazil			

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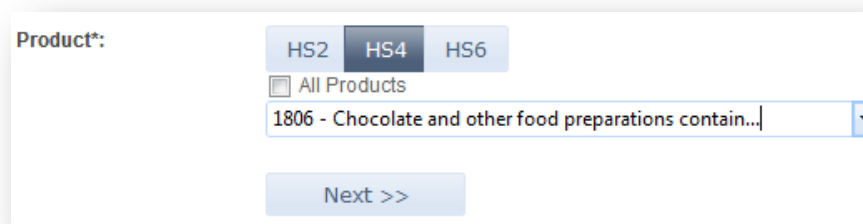
Page size: 10

1 items in 1 pages

NOTE

Select the arrow icon  on the left of the Reporter country to expand a group into its members.

6. **Product** for which you want to see the trade data e.g. 1806 – Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa
- If you have selected the Harmonized System (HS) in step 2 you can choose between HS2, HS4 or HS6 level of product aggregation, with the



The screenshot shows a web interface for selecting a product. It features a label "Product*:" followed by three tabs: "HS2", "HS4", and "HS6". The "HS4" tab is currently selected. Below the tabs, there is a checkbox labeled "All Products" which is unchecked. Underneath the checkbox is a text input field containing the text "1806 - Chocolate and other food preparations contain...". To the right of the input field is a small blue downward-pointing arrow icon. At the bottom of the form is a button labeled "Next >>".

default selection set to **All products (HS2)**

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TRADE DATA DOWNLOAD STEP 2/2

WHAT?

This page displays the **results table** for your query, which you can view on screen or download.

THE RESULTS

First, the result page recaps the **Nomenclature** and **Data source** you have selected in the previous step. Then, you are given the option to select:

- **New Query**
- **Modify Query**
- **Download File**

Nomenclature : **HS**
Data source: **ITC (MAcMap)**

New Query

Modify Query

Download File

After that, the page displays a **results table** with the following columns:

- **Reporter** lists every reporting country you selected, including the breakdown of country groups (e.g. European Union)
- **Partner** indicates countries-trading partners of the selected reporter
- **Trade flow** has been selected as import or export in the previous step
- **Year** displays the year for which the trade data is given. The table is ranked from distant years to recent ones.
- **Product code** according to the selected nomenclatures
- **Product description**
- **Revision** shows you the revision that used by the reporting country in each selected year
- **Trade amount (US\$ '000)** gives the tradevalue for this product in thousands of US dollars

Reporter	Partner	Trade flow	Year	Product code	Product description	Revision	Trade amount (USD '000)
Austria	Brazil	Import	2009	1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	HS12	08
Belgium	Brazil	Import	2009	1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	HS12	04
Bulgaria	Brazil	Import	2009	1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	HS12	15
Czech Republic	Brazil	Import	2009	1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	HS12	83
Estonia	Brazil	Import	2009	1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	HS12	01
France	Brazil	Import	2009	1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	HS12	93
Germany	Brazil	Import	2009	1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	HS12	1,476
Hungary	Brazil	Import	2009	1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	HS12	130
Ireland	Brazil	Import	2009	1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	HS12	146

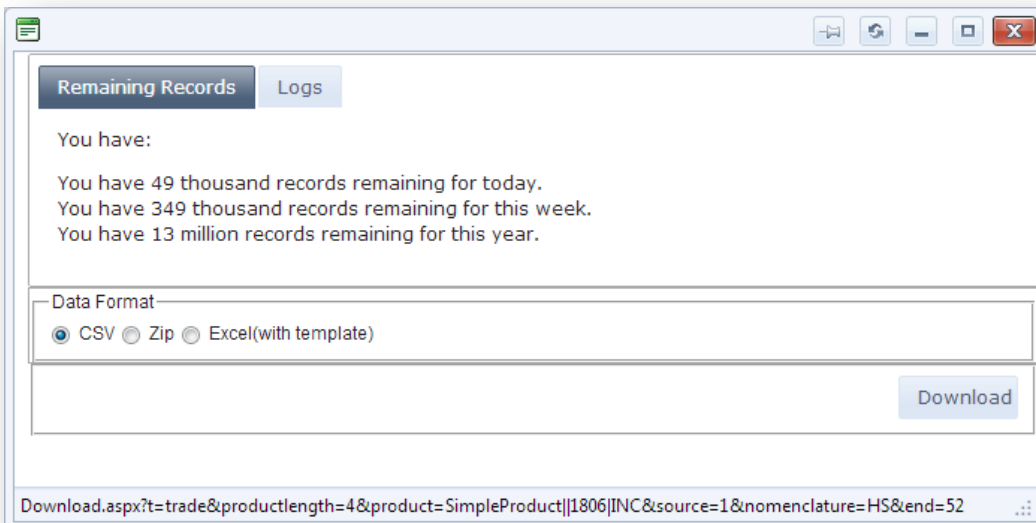
Page size: 10
 52 items in 6 pages

NOTE

The navigation bar at the bottom of the page allows you to navigate between result pages and select the maximum number of items per page via the **Page size** drop-down menu.

Once you select [Download File](#), you will get an overview of the amount of download records available for your account. Before starting your download, you have the option to choose a **Data Format** between:

- CSV
- Zip
- Excel (with template)



The screenshot shows a web application window with a title bar and standard window controls. Inside, there are two tabs: 'Remaining Records' (active) and 'Logs'. Under 'Remaining Records', the text reads: 'You have: You have 49 thousand records remaining for today. You have 349 thousand records remaining for this week. You have 13 million records remaining for this year.' Below this is a 'Data Format' section with three radio buttons: 'CSV' (selected), 'Zip', and 'Excel(with template)'. A 'Download' button is located to the right of the radio buttons. At the bottom of the window, the address bar shows the URL: 'Download.aspx?t=trade&productlength=4&product=SimpleProduct|1806|INC&source=1&nomenclature=HS&end=52'.

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RAW DATA DOWNLOAD – MANAGE YOUR DOWNLOADS

WHAT?

The **Manage your downloads** page displays a list of all the download queries you previously constructed in the ***Tariff data download*** and ***Non-tariff measures download*** sub-modules. Here you can edit, complete, execute or delete your download queries.

The queries are listed in a table with the following columns:

- **Name** shows the name you entered for your original download query
- **Description** lists the description you entered for your original download query. As this was an optional entry, cells in this column may be blank
- **Type** shows the basic download query properties you selected in step 1/3
- **Created on** shows the date on which the download query was created
- **Status** shows the date and time of the last download's start and finish. It is supplemented by the duration of the download and the number of records it contained

HOW?

- Select **Edit** on the left-hand side of the table to re-enter step 1/3 of the download query definition. All fields will be completed exactly as they were saved at the last query run. You can modify any field.
- Select **Download** on the right hand side of the table to re-run a download using the exact same parameters as those entered at the last run. If the download query was not completed, the cell will display **Incomplete**. Select **Edit** to complete your query.
- Select  on the right hand side of the table to delete the query from the list

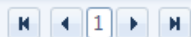
Tariff data download - Your downloads

List of your download queries.

Here you can edit, complete and download your queries.

Create New

	Name	Description	Type	Created on	Status		
Edit	Applied tariffs cocoa	Applied tariffs for HS4 1806: Cocoa products	Customized download Applied tariffs	30/09/2013	Started: 30/09/2013 14:29 Completed: 30/09/2013 14:30 Duration: 30 Seconds No. of Records: 3	Download	✗
Edit	Brazil applied tariffs cocoa	Applied tariffs for HS4 1806: Cocoa products	Full MFN schedule (only NTL data) Applied tariffs	30/09/2013	Started: Completed: Duration: No. of Records:	Incomplete	✗



Page size: 7

2 items in 1 pages

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COUNTRY ANALYSIS

WHAT?

The **Country analysis** module allows you to easily access at-a-glance information about a particular country. Specifically, you can learn about a country's market access, trade performance, trends and indicators for broad product aggregations through the following sub-modules:

- **Top 50 bilateral flows**
- **Top 50 products**
- **Tariff averages**
- **Tariff regimes by year**
- **Publications and indicators**
- **Non-tariff measures links**

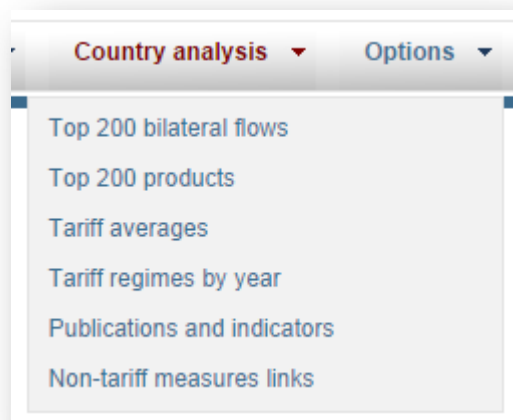
NOTE

Top 50 products shows 50 products with the highest export or import value (independently of the partner country), while **top 50 bilateral flows** shows top exports or imports to top partner countries.

Use **Tariff regimes by year** to access information on [trade agreements](#).

HOW?

You can find the module **Country analysis** on the navigation bar at the top of the page. When you move your cursor over the **Country analysis** ▾ tab, you will see a drop-down menu listing the different sub-modules. Choose any one of them by clicking on the desired sub-module heading



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TOP 50 BILATERAL FLOWS

WHAT?

Here you can search for the top 50 bilateral trade flows between a specific country and its partners. The results are listed by decreasing trade value per product.

NOTE

Results will be displayed at the HS6 digit code level.

TOP 50 BILATERAL FLOWS STEP 1/2

HOW?

1. Select a **Country** for which you want to obtain bilateral trade flows e.g. South Africa
2. Select the **Year** for the trade data. The latest available year is selected by default
3. Tick one of the two boxes to indicate whether you want to see the top 50:
 - **Exported products by destination** (SCENARIO A)
 - **Imported products by origin** (SCENARIO B)

NOTE

***Top 50 products** shows 50 products with the highest export or import value (independently of the partner country), while **top 50 bilateral flows** shows top exports or imports to top partner countries.*

*Use **Tariff regimes by year** to access information on [trade agreements](#).*

Country:* South Africa ▼

Year:* Latest available: 2011 ▼

☒ The top 50 **exported products by destination**, the leading importer of each product, the leading exporters to each market and the tariffs faced by each exporter.

☐ The top 50 **imported products by origin**, the leading exporter of each product, the leading importers from each market and the tariffs applied by each importer.

[Proceed >>](#)

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TOP 50 BILATERAL FLOWS STEP 2/2

THE RESULTS

The first two lines of the result page show your selected **Trade flow** and **Country**.

This application automatically uses the ITC (Normalized trade matrix) as the **Data source**.

You can start a **New Search** or **Modify** the existing search by pressing:

New Search

Modify Search

THE RESULTS – SCENARIO A

Above the **results table**, you may select the **number** of top leading exporter(s) to the leading importer from the drop-down menu. You can select any number between 1 and 10.

Finally, the **results table** includes the following columns:

- **Product code**
- **Product description**
- **Leading importing country from [Country]**. These countries represent potential opportunities for market diversification
- **Leading importer's imports from [Country], Value [Year], US\$ '000**, giving the value of the bilateral trade from the leading partner
- **World imports from [Country], Value [Year], US\$ '000**, shows you total world imports from the selected county, allowing you to deduce the relative share of the leading importer's imports in world trade
- **Top [Number] leading exporters to the leading importer**, indicating which countries are mayor competitors in the top 50 bilateral trade flows

South Africa's top 50 exported products by destination together with South Africa's leading importer by product as well as the top leading exporter(s) to the leading importer, based on the data from 2011.

If you wish to see the tariff line level descriptions and tariffs, click on the HS6 product codes.

Product Code	Product Description	Leading importing country from South Africa	Leading importer's imports from South Africa. Value 2011, '000 US\$	World imports from South Africa. Value 2011, '000 US\$	Top 3 leading exporters to the leading importer
260111	Non-agglomerated iron ores and concentrates (excl. roasted iron pyrites)	China	6,437,378	8,752,841	Australia Brazil India
710812	Gold, incl. gold plated with platinum, unwrought, for non-monetary purposes (excl. gold in powder form)	India	5,770,011	11,410,250	Switzerland United Arab Emirates South Africa
711011	Platinum, unwrought or in powder form	Japan	2,794,897	8,308,459	South Africa United States of America China
870323	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport of persons, incl. station wagons and racing cars, with spark-ignition internal combustion reciprocating piston engine of a cylinder capacity > 1.500 cm ³ but <= 3.000 cm ³ (excl. vehicles for the transport of persons on snow and other specially designed vehicles of subheading 8703.10)	United States of America	2,058,435	3,079,529	Japan Canada Mexico

THE RESULTS – SCENARIO B

Above the **results table**, you may select the **number** of top leading importer(s) from the leading exporter from the drop-down menu. You can select any number between 1 and 10.

Finally, the **results table** includes the following columns:

- **Product code**
- **Product description**
- **Leading exporting country to [Country]**. These countries represent potential opportunities for sourcing products
- **Leading exporter's exports to [Country]. Value [year], US\$ '000**, giving the total value of the product exports to the selected country
- **World exports to [Country]. Value [year], US\$ '000**, shows you the total value of all exports to the selected country, allowing you to deduce the relative share of the leading exporter's exports in world exports to the selected country
- **Top [Number] leading importers from the leading exporter**, indicating which countries are mayor competitors in the top 50 bilateral trade flows

South Africa's top 50 imported products by origin together with South Africa's leading exporter by product as well as the top 3 leading importer(s) from the leading exporter, based on the data from 201

Product Code	Product Description	Leading exporting country to South Africa	Leading exporter's exports to South Africa. Value 2011, '000 US\$	World exports to South Africa. Value 2011, '000 US\$	Top 3 leading importers from the leading exporter
270900	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	Saudi Arabia	3,769,407	14,085,616	Bangladesh United States of America Japan
271000	Petroleum oils&oils obtained from bituminous minerals,o/than crude etc	India	1,348,400	5,733,291	
870323	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport of persons, incl. station wagons and racing cars, with spark-ignition internal combustion reciprocating piston engine of a cylinder capacity > 1.500 cm ³ but <= 3.000 cm ³ (excl. vehicles for the transport of persons on snow and other specially designed vehicles of subheading 8703.10)	Germany	660,318	2,206,908	China United States of America Japan
852520	Transmission apparatus,for radioteleph incorporatg reception apparatus	China	660,026	2,221,366	
281820	Aluminium oxide nes	Australia	543,059	577,461	China South Africa Russian Federation
880240	Aircraft nes of an unladen weight exceeding 15,000 kg	United States of America	524,565	753,408	China Ireland Indonesia

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TOP 50 PRODUCTS

WHAT?

Here you can search for a country's top 50 export or import products. The results are listed by decreasing trade value per product.

NOTE

Results will be displayed at the HS6 digit code level.

TOP 50 PRODUCTS STEP 1/2

HOW?

1. Select a **Country** for which you want to obtain bilateral trade flows e.g. Nicaragua
2. Select the **Year** for the trade data. The latest available year is selected by default e.g. 2011
3. Tick one of the two boxes to choose between:
 - o The top 50 **exported products** with the leading importer of each product and the leading exporters to each market (SCENARIO A)
 - o The top 50 **imported products** with the leading exporter of each product and the leading importers from each market (SCENARIO B)

Country:*

Year:* :

☒ The top 50 exported products

☐ The top 50 imported products

[Proceed >>](#)

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TOP 50 PRODUCTS STEP 2/2

THE RESULTS

This application automatically uses the ITC (Normalized trade matrix) as the **Data source**.

You can start a **New Search** or **Modify** the existing search by pressing:

New Search

Modify Search

The **query overview** just above the **results table** shows you the selected **Country** and type of product i.e. **imported** or **exported**. Here you can also choose how many top suppliers will be displayed for each product market. While the default number is set to 3, you can show up to 10 suppliers through the drop-down menu.

THE RESULTS – SCENARIO A

Finally, the **results table** includes the following columns:

- **Product code**
- **Product description**
- **[Country] export to the world, Value [Year] (US\$ '000)** shows the total value of the selected country's exports to the world for the given product and in a particular year
- **Top [number] leading importing partners (US\$ '000)** shows the mayor importing countries for the product exported by our selected **Country** e.g. Nicaragua. The number of partners can be controlled in the drop-down menu above the results table
- **Top [number] suppliers to the leading importing partner (US\$ '000)** shows which countries are mayor competitors in the leading export market e.g. Timor-Leste supplying coffee (HS6 090111) to the United States of America

Nicaragua's top 50 exported products and Nicaragua's leading importing partners, together with top suppliers in the market.

Product Code	Product Description	Nicaragua export to the world Value 2011 (USD thousand)	Top 3 leading importing partners (USD thousand)		Top 3 suppliers to the leading importing partner (USD thousand)	
090111	Coffee, not roasted, not decaffeinated	524,800	United States of America	- 209,069	Timor-Leste	- 3,977,380
			Venezuela	- 50,727	Brazil	- 1,921,920
			Germany	- 33,849	Colombia	- 1,201,400
854430	Ignition wiring sets and other wiring sets for vehicles, aircraft or ships	417,837	United States of America	- 353,580	Mexico	- 4,768,290
			Mexico	- 37,708	China	- 489,773
			Canada	- 26,461	Honduras	- 429,322

NOTE

Depending on trade data availability, fewer top suppliers might be listed than the number selected in the drop-down menu. This is conditional upon the **Year** selected for the data in step 1/2.

THE RESULTS – SCENARIO B

Finally, the **results table** includes the following columns:

- **Product code**
- **Product description**
- **[Country] import from the world, Value [Year] (US\$ '000)** shows the total value of the selected country's imports from the world for the given product and in a particular year
- **Top [number] leading exporting partners (US\$ '000)** shows the mayor exporting countries for the product imported by our selected **Country** e.g. Nicaragua. The number of partners can be controlled in the drop-down menu above the results table
- **Top [number] importers from the leading exporting partner (US\$ '000)**

Nicaragua's top 50 imported products and Nicaragua's leading supplying partners, together with top importers from the leading exporting partner, based on the data from 2011.

Product Code	Product Description	Nicaragua import from the world Value 2011 (USD thousand)	Top 3 leading exporting partners (USD thousand)			Top 3 importers from the leading exporting partner (USD thousand)		
270900	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	617,492	Venezuela	-	617,492	United States of America	-	37,928,600
						China	-	7,297,440
						India	-	6,026,480
300490	Medicaments nes, in dosage	229,355	United States of America	-	82,161	Belgium	-	2,864,340
			Guatemala	-	24,715	Canada	-	2,733,230
			Mexico	-	18,770	Netherlands	-	2,453,510
271000	Petroleum oils&oils obtained from bituminous minerals,o/than crude etc	225,604	Venezuela	-	168,795			
			United States of America	-	39,012			
			Panama	-	6,922			

TARIFF AVERAGES

WHAT?

Here you can search for tariff averages from a time series perspective, e.g. if you are interested in the level of tariffs across time, or from a sector perspective, e.g. if you wish to compare average agricultural to average manufacturing tariff.

Depending on the scenario you select in step 1/2, you will see:

- Averages of [applied tariffs](#) by year (SCENARIO A)
- Averages of [final bound rates](#) and applied tariffs by [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) section (SCENARIO B)

TARIFF AVERAGES STEP 1/2

HOW?

1. Select a **Country** from the drop-down list e.g. Australia
2. Choose the information you wish to see by checking either:
 - o **Tariff averages by year and sector (applied tariffs)**. Here averages are calculated for agricultural products and non-agricultural products (SCENARIO A)
 - o **Tariff averages by HS section (final bound rates and applied tariffs)** (SCENARIO B)

Country*

Australia

- ☒ Tariff averages **by year and sector** (applied tariffs)
- ☐ Tariff averages **by HS section** (final bound rates and applied tariffs)

Proceed >>

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TARIFF AVERAGES STEP 2/2

THE RESULTS – SCENARIO A

The **results table** displays the average tariffs applied by the selected country for several years. The table contains the following columns:

- **Aggregation level:**
 - o All products imported by the country
 - o Agricultural products only
 - o Non-agricultural products only
- **Tariff regime used in aggregation:**
 - o Average of MFN tariffs
 - o Average of [preferential tariffs](#)
- **Years** for which data is available in the ITC (MAcMap) database

Product group	Tariff type 	2005	2006	2007	2009	2011	2013
All products	Average of MFN tariffs	2.97%	4.19%	4.29%	4.08%	2.53%	3.97%
	Average of preferential tariffs	2.15%	3.15%	3.24%	3.06%	1.64%	2.89%
Agricultural	Average of MFN tariffs	1.46%	1.25%	1.45%	1.42%	1.39%	1.81%
	Average of preferential tariffs	0.92%	0.93%	1.08%	1.05%	0.77%	1.29%
Non-agricultural	Average of MFN tariffs	3.09%	4.41%	4.51%	4.29%	2.62%	4.39%
	Average of preferential tariffs	2.24%	3.32%	3.4%	3.21%	1.71%	3.2%

You can visualise your time series by pressing the  [View chart](#) button on the left above of the table. The chart will appear in a pop-up window, with tariff percentages on the Y axis and years on the X axis.

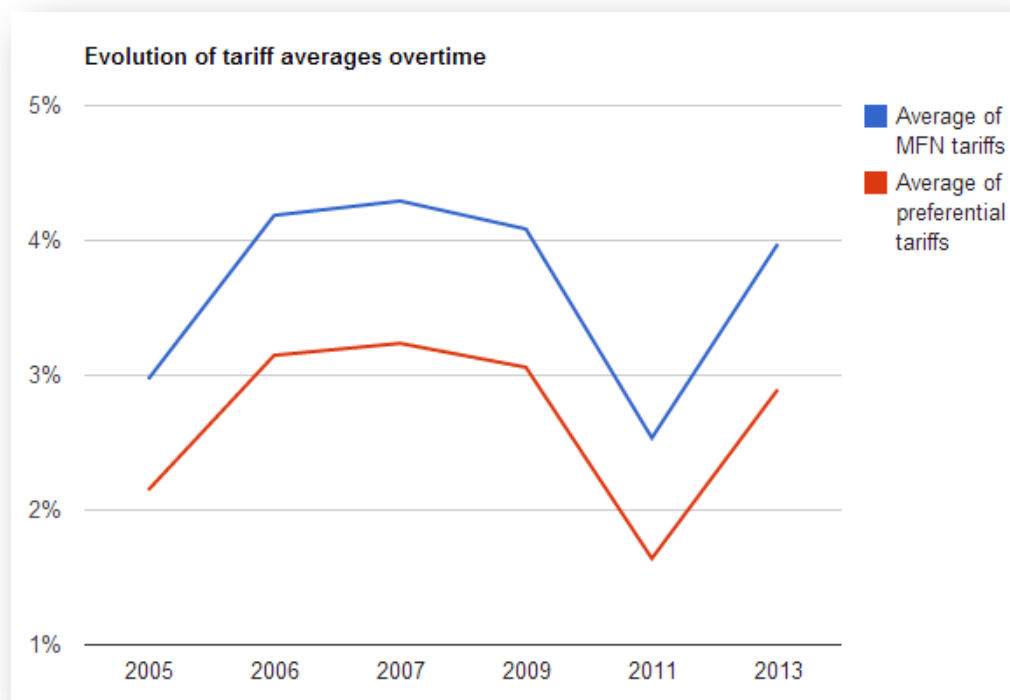
Use the **Products** drop-down menu to choose whether the graph displays averages for:

- All imported products
- Agricultural products only
- Non-agricultural products only

You can start a **New Search** or **Modify** the existing **Search** by pressing:

New Search

Modify Search



NOTE

In general, “non-preferential rate” refers to the [most favoured nation \(MFN\)](#) rate applied by WTO member countries and the General tariff applied by countries outside the WTO. However, some countries apply both MFN rates (to their WTO partners) and General tariffs (to other countries) e.g. the Russian Federation and the United States of America. In this case, Market Access Map will show the highest rate, hence the term “maximum rate”.

In general, “preferential rate” refers to the preferences granted to partner countries in the context of [trade agreements](#) or unilateral tariff preferences. These rates are lower than MFN or general tariffs. Several preferential schemes may exist between two countries, e.g. a regional trade agreement and the [Generalized System of Preferences \(GSP\)](#). In this case Market Access Map will show the lowest rate, hence the term “minimum rates”. If no preferential schemes exist between selected countries, the MFN or General tariff will be displayed.

THE RESULTS – SCENARIO B

Here you can see average duties by [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) section for both [final bound rates](#) and [applied tariffs](#).

You can start a **New Search** or **Modify** the existing **Search** by pressing:

New Search

Modify Search

Below, the **results table** with **average final bound rates** are displayed per HS2 (section) product code. The table contains the following columns:

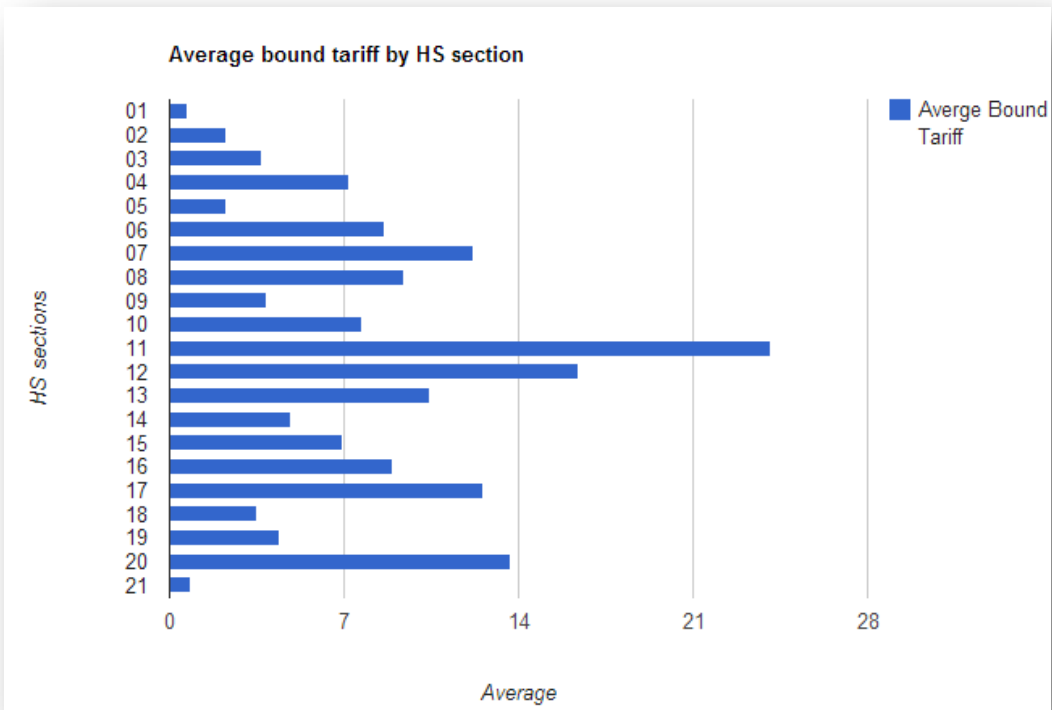
1. **Section Code** or HS2 product code
2. **Description** of the section code
3. **Average** tariff rate applied to the Harmonized System (HS) section by the selected **Country** e.g. Australia

The second **results table** displays **average applied tariffs** per HS2 (section) product code. Average applied tariffs are based on 2013 data using the [HS revision](#) 2012. The table layout is identical to the one discussed above.

Australia's average bound rates by HS section.  [View chart](#)

Section Code	Description	Average
01	Live animals; animal products	0.74%
02	Vegetable products	2.25%
03	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleavage products; prepared edible fats; animal or vegetable waxes	3.72%
04	Prepared foodstuffs; beverages, spirits and vinegar; tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes	7.18%
05	Mineral products	2.26%
06	Products of the chemical or allied industries	8.63%
07	Plastics and articles thereof; rubber and articles thereof	12.18%
08	Raw hides and skins, leather, furskins and articles thereof; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar	9.37%

You can visualise your time series by pressing the  [View chart](#) button on the right above of the table. The chart will appear in a pop-up window, with the Harmonized System (HS) section code on the Y axis and the average bound tariff percentage on the X axis.



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TARIFF REGIMES BY YEAR

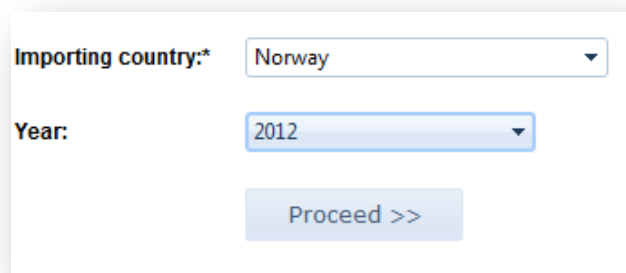
WHAT?

Here you can search all the [tariff regimes](#) applied by one country to its partners during a specific year.

TARIFF REGIMES BY YEAR STEP 1/2

HOW?

1. Select an **Importing country** e.g. Norway
2. Select an available **Year** from the drop-down menu

A screenshot of a web form for searching tariff regimes. It features two dropdown menus: the first is labeled 'Importing country:*' and has 'Norway' selected; the second is labeled 'Year:' and has '2012' selected. Below these is a light blue button with the text 'Proceed >>'.

Importing country:* Norway ▼

Year: 2012 ▼

Proceed >>

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TARIFF REGIMES BY YEAR STEP 2/2

THE RESULTS

The result of your search is a list of all [tariff regimes](#) that are available in Market Access Map for the country and year you have selected.

Click on the name of the [trade agreement](#) or tariff regime to see a list of member countries in a pop-up window. To go back to the list of agreements, close the pop-up window.

Trade Regime Description
MFN duties (Applied)
Preferential tariff for Albania
Preferential tariff for Canada
Preferential tariff for Chili
Preferential tariff for Croatia
Preferential tariff for EEA countries
Preferential tariff for EFTA countries

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PUBLICATIONS AND INDICATORS

WHAT?

Here you can search and download information contained in the **World Tariff Profiles (WTP)**, a joint publication of ITC, UNCTAD and WTO.

World Tariff Profiles (WTP) provides detailed data on the [final bound rates](#) and [applied tariffs](#) of WTO members. Information on each country's market access is presented in summary tables, allowing cross-country comparisons. Country pages detail the level of protection for domestic markets and the protectionism encountered in the major export markets.

HOW?

Select a **Country** from the drop-down list (e.g. Jordan) and then click on 'Publication details'. The relevant file will be downloaded automatically.

Each profile is divided in 3 sections:

- **Part A.1:** Tariffs and imports: Summary and duty ranges
- **Part A.2:** Tariffs and imports by product groups
- **Part B:** Exports to major trading partners and duties faced

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Jordan										
2	Part A.1	Tariffs and imports: Summary and duty ranges									
3	Summary		Total	Ag	Non-Ag	WTO member since					2000
4	Simple average final bound		16.3	23.6	15.2	Binding coverage:				Total	100.0
5	Simple average MFN applied	2009	10.2	18.6	9.0					Non-Ag	100.0
6	Trade weighted average	2008	8.5	10.8	8.0	Ag: Tariff quotas (in %)					0
7	Imports in billion US\$	2008	16.8	2.8	13.9	Ag: Special safeguards (in %)					0
8											
9	Frequency distribution	Duty-free	0 <= 5	5 <= 10	10 <= 15	15 <= 25	25 <= 50	50 <= 100	> 100	NAV	
10		Tariff lines and import values (in %)									in %
11	Agricultural products										
12	Final bound		1.1	15.3	15.6	12.7	26.1	25.7	0.2	3.3	0.8
13	MFN applied	2009	35.1	8.5	8.2	0.6	19.3	24.9	0.3	3.1	0.8
14	Imports	2008	50.7	15.6	2.7	0.9	16.2	11.0	2.8	0.2	2.4
15	Non-agricultural products										
16	Final bound		7.3	22.1	16.1	8.2	23.8	22.4	0	0	0.0
17	MFN applied	2009	57.3	3.4	7.7	0.3	14.1	17.1	0.0	0	0
18	Imports	2008	45.1	24.9	5.6	1.0	12.8	10.7	0.0	0	0.4

20	Part A.2	Tariffs and imports by product groups								
21	Product groups	Final bound duties				MFN applied duties			Imports	
22		AVG	Duty-free	Max	Binding	AVG	Duty-free	Max	Share	Duty-free
23			in %		in %		in %		in %	in %
24	Animal products	13.7	0	30	100	11.4	14.8	30	1.5	18.1
25	Dairy products	16.1	7.5	30	100	9.5	52.5	30	1.4	42.2
26	Fruit, vegetables, plants	23.6	0	92	100	20.7	14.7	92	1.6	4.0
27	Coffee, tea	20.5	0	30	100	13.7	39.6	30	0.7	2.8
28	Cereals & preparations	17.1	5.3	80	100	10.9	42.0	40	6.9	63.7
29	Oilseeds, fats & oils	16.5	0	30	100	9.3	62.4	30	2.4	83.0
30	Sugars and confectionery	19.1	0	30	100	8.0	67.7	30	1.0	87.5
31	Beverages & tobacco	97.9	0	200	100	91.5	21.0	200	0.9	4.9
32	Cotton	9.0	0	10	100	0.0	100.0	0	0.0	100.0
33	Other agricultural products	15.7	1.4	30	100	8.7	54.7	30	0.5	60.5

47	Part B	Exports to major trading partners and duties faced								
48	Major markets	Bilateral imports		Diversification		MFN AVG of		Pref.	Duty-free imports	
49		in million		95% trade in no. of		traded TL		margin	TL	Value
50		US\$		HS 2-digit	HS 6-digit	Simple	Weighted	Weighted	in %	in %
51	Agricultural products									
52	1. United Arab Emirates	2007	98	14	28	6.6	28.5	28.5	100.0	100.0
53	2. Syrian Arab Republic	2007	32	12	35	27.8	26.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
54	3. Kuwait	2007	28	18	58	4.7	2.0	2.0	98.7	100.0
55	4. European Union	2008	23	12	23	17.6	18.5	11.6	73.5	70.2
56	5. Saudi Arabia	2007	22	12	20	7.3	4.7	4.7	100.0	100.0
57	Non-agricultural products									
58	1. United States	2008	1,081	8	41	7.3	19.5	10.3	88.5	39.7
59	2. India	2008	621	5	8	7.3	5.7	0.0	15.4	0.7

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NON-TARIFF MEASURES LINKS

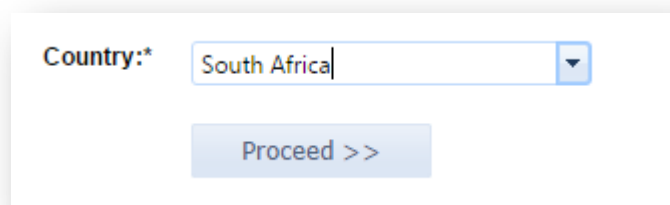
WHAT?

Here you can search for links to third party websites that provide information on [non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#).

NON-TARIFF MEASURES LINKS STEP 1/2

HOW?

Select a **Country** for which you want to find NTMs web links from the drop-down list.



The screenshot shows a web form with the label "Country:*" next to a dropdown menu. The dropdown menu is open, showing "South Africa" as the selected option. Below the dropdown is a button labeled "Proceed >>".

NOTE

Only countries for which NTM links are available are listed in the drop-down list.

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NON-TARIFF MEASURES LINKS STEP 2/2

WHAT?

Here you can view links to third party websites with information on [non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#) that are of relevance to the **Country** you have selected.

THE RESULTS

The **results table** classifies third party websites according to 4 tabs at the top of the page:

- **Import Regulations** contains websites describing laws and requirements regulating imports of the selected country
- **Export Regulations** contains websites describing laws and requirements regulating exports of the selected country
- **Trade support Institutions** contains websites provided by [trade support institutions \(TSIs\)](#)
- **International websites** contains international links that are relevant for any country

When a tab is selected, links are listed according to their source in 4 different columns.

- **NTM issue** shows the type(s) of NTM(s), classified according to the [multi-agency classification of NTMs](#) whenever possible
- **Web page title (English)**
- **Description** gives a brief description of the information provided through the third party link
- **Language** denotes the language(s) in which the third-party information is available. Languages are denoted in their 2-letter ISO language codes, e.g. EN for English

Click on **2-letter codes for language** to access the third party website.

NOTE

Each column contains a **search box** to help you narrow your search. By typing in a key word, the table is filtered and will only show third party links containing this word.

Import Regulations Export Regulations Trade Support Institutions International Websites			
Websites referring to import regulations imposed by South Africa			
NTM issue	Web page title (English)	Description	Languages
European Commission (EC)			
General	EU legislation summary: South Africa	This page gives an overview of EU legislation directly related to South Africa. The main trade-related framework is the Trade, Development and Cooperation Agreement (TDCA), which directs the free trade agreement between the EU and South Africa. The document covers topics such as Rules of Origin, Safeguard measures, competition and intellectual property.	EN
Government procurement restrictions	South Africa Trade Barriers: Public Procurement B-BBEE	The EC keeps a market access database to provide exporters with information on trade barriers. South Africa is included in this database. On this page you will find information on barriers related to public procurement through the B-BBEE system.	EN

NOTE

The navigation bar at the bottom of the page allows you to navigate between result pages and select the maximum number of items per page via the **Page size** drop-down menu.

By clicking any of the  icons on the top-right of the table, you can export the **results table** to (from left to right):

- MS Excel
- CSV

- MS Word

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OPTIONS

WHAT?

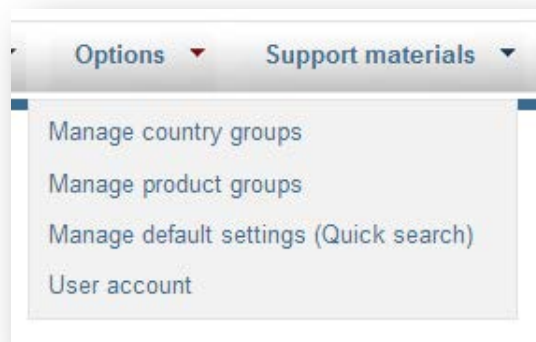
The **Options** module allows you manage parameters that are used regularly in Market Access Map searches.

This module contains the following sub-modules:

- *Manage country groups*
- *Manage product groups*
- *Manage default settings (Quick search)*
- *User account*

HOW?

You can find the **Options** module on the navigation bar at the top of the page. When you move your cursor over the **Options** tab, you will see a drop-down menu listing the different sub-modules. Choose any one of them clicking on the desired sub-module heading



[\[Return to the Table of Contents\]](#)

MANAGE COUNTRY GROUPS

WHAT?

The **Manage country groups** module allows you to create, edit or delete your own country groups.

HOW?

You can:

- **Create** a new country group by selecting [Create](#)
- **Edit** pre-existing groups by selecting [Edit](#) link located to the right of the country group
- **Delete** a group by pressing the adjacent  sign

Manage country groups

Here you can create, edit or delete your own country groups.

To create a new country group click on 'Create'.

[Create](#)

Country Group Name		
Southern Africa: RSA-NA-LES-SWA	Edit	

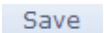
A pop-up window will appear when you press **Create**. Here you must:

1. Enter a **Group name**
2. **Select** the countries you want to add to the group. You can select from standard groups, your own groups, or individual countries by expanding the appropriate tab on the left-hand side.

NOTE

You can add or remove countries from your group by pressing  and  respectively.

Selecting  and  you can move all individual countries in your country group and vice versa.

Remember to press  once you have created your group.

Type in the **Group Name** of your new group and select the countries or groups of countries that you want to include. Then click 'Save'.

Group Name*

▶ Select from standard groups

▶ Select from your own groups

▼ Select from individual countries

Afghanistan

Albania

Algeria

American Samoa

Andorra

Angola

Antigua

Search:

>

<

>>

<<

Selected countries (4)

Lesotho

Namibia

South Africa

Swaziland

Save

* Indicates mandatory fields

[\[Return to the Table of Contents\]](#)

MANAGE PRODUCT GROUPS

WHAT?

The **Manage product groups** module allows you to create, edit or delete your own product groups.

HOW?

You can:

- **Create** a new product group by selecting [Create](#)
- **Edit** pre-existing groups by selecting [Edit](#) link located to the right of the country group
- **Delete** this group by pressing the adjacent  sign

Manage product groups

Here you can create, edit or delete your own product groups.

To create a new product group click on 'Create'. Once the group has been saved you will have to logout from the application to be able to select it in all other modules.

Create

Shelled Nuts	Edit	

A pop-up window will appear when you press **Create**. Here you must

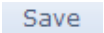
1. Enter a **Group name**

2. **Select** a product you want to add to the group. You can select by description or code, from a product tree, by cluster, from standard groups, your own groups by expanding the appropriate tab on the left-hand side.

NOTE

You can add or remove countries from your group by pressing  and  respectively.

Selecting  and  you can move all individual countries in your country group and vice versa.

Remember to press  once you have created your group.

Group Name*

Select by typing description or code

HS2 HS4 **HS6**

080222 - Hazelnuts or filberts, fresh or dried, shelled or peeled

Select from product tree

Select by cluster

Select from standard product groups

Select from your own product groups

Set product exclusions (negative multiplier)

Selected Products

080122 - Fresh or dried brazil nuts, shelled
 080222 - Hazelnuts or filberts, fresh or dried, shelled or peeled
 080240 - Chestnuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled
 080252 - Fresh or dried pistachios, shelled

>

<

<<

Save

* Indicates mandatory fields.

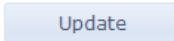
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MANAGE DEFAULT SETTINGS (QUICK SEARCH)

WHAT?

The **Manage default settings** sub-module allows you to select the settings that will be used by default in the module **Quick search**. When using more advanced modules, you will be able to modify these settings directly while you are creating your query.

HOW?

1. Select the **Trade data source**. You may choose between:
 - ITC (Normalized trade matrix)
 - ITC (MAcMap) - UNSD (UN Comtrade) data
2. Select the **AVE calculation methodology** for [applied tariffs](#). You may choose between:
 - AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP) methodology
 - AVE based on the World Unit Value (WUV) methodology
3. Press 

To learn more about available data sources and the [ad valorem equivalent \(AVE\)](#) calculation used in Market access Map see [Data availability](#) and [Methodology](#).



Trade data source:

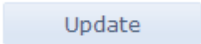
☒ ITC Normalized trade matrix

☐ UNSD (UN COMTRADE)

AVE calculation methodology:

☒ AVE based on the World Tariff Profile (WTP) methodology

☐ AVE based on the World Unit Value methodology

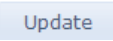


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USER ACCOUNT

WHAT?

The **User account** module allows you to:

- Manage your **Email notification** settings by selecting the relevant boxes and pressing  .
- Monitor **Download permissions** to know how many records you can download.
- Gives and chronological overview of your **Download logs**

User account

You belong to:

Email Notifications

- ☒ Send me notification email when query results are ready
- ☒ Send me notification email when someone shares query/result with me

Update

Download Permissions

You have:

You have 50 thousand records remaining for today.

You have 349 thousand records remaining for this week.

You have 13 million records remaining for this year.

Download Logs

Time	Query Type	Data Source	Number of Records
01/10/2013 10:05	Trade Download	ITC (MacMap)	53
01/10/2013 09:58	Trade Download	ITC (MacMap)	10
01/10/2013 09:41	Trade Download	ITC (MacMap)	10
30/09/2013 16:19	Trade Download	ITC (MacMap)	10
30/09/2013 14:39	Tariff Data Download	ITC (MacMap)	4
19/09/2013 14:00	Tariff Data Download	ITC (MacMap)	5209
18/09/2013 12:15		ITC (MacMap)	1001

⏮

⏪

1

⏩

⏭

Page size: 10 ▾

7 items in 1 pages

SUPPORT MATERIALS

WHAT?

The **Support materials** module allows you to easily access different support materials that can be useful when you are using Market Access Map. The following materials and sub-modules will help you navigate through Market Access Map and deepen your knowledge on market access and international trade:

- **User guide**
Provides step-by-step instructions on the use of every Market Access Map sub-module. The user guide also gives additional information about market access data issues, the interpretation of results and the navigation of the application.
- **E-Learning**
Provides materials that further explain market access and trade concepts through both theory and in-depth examples. For certain sub-modules, there are video tutorials displaying step-by-step use of the application. These can be accessed directly from the relevant sub-module.
- **Data availability** gives an overview of the different types of data available in Market Access Map. The available years are listed for each type.
- **Methodology**
Provides more detailed technical information on the methodology used in the application. This sub-module includes information on the calculation of [ad valorem equivalents \(AVEs\)](#), product aggregation, rounding and [non-tariff measures \(NTM\)](#) classification.
- **Product nomenclatures**
Provides flexible conversion tables between all revisions of the [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) (from 1992 to 2012) as well as tables between various nomenclatures (HS-SITC and HS-ISC).
- **Glossary**
Provides a comprehensive list of technical terms and acronyms used in Market Access map. In the online user guide, technical terms are frequently hyperlinked to their glossary entry, that contains a brief explanation.
- **Useful links**
Provides a list containing useful links for further information concerning market access. Each link is accompanied by a brief description.
- **Data providers**
Lists the various data providers for Market Access Map with additional information on the format of this data and where it is used in the application.
- **Sitemap**
Provides an at-a-glance overview of all sub-modules in Market Access Map.
- **FAQs**

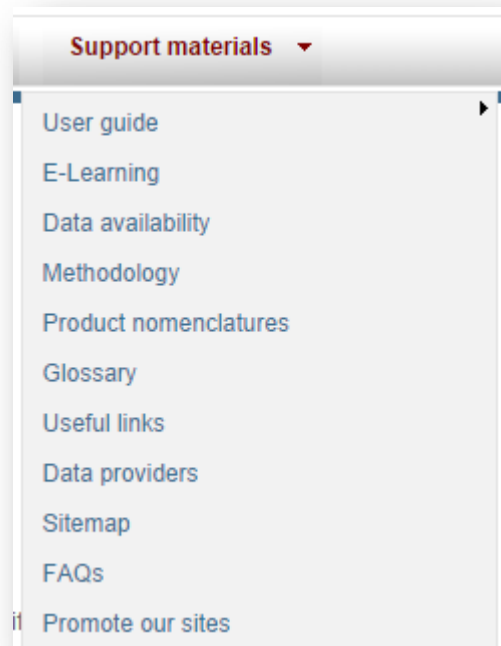
Addresses user question frequently sent to us by email and posed during ITC capacity building trainings.

- **Promote our sites**

Allows users who wish to promote our tools incorporate banner icons on their webpage. These icons are redirect visitors directly to the tools.

HOW?

You can find the module **Support materials** on the navigation bar at the top of the page. When you move your cursor over the **Support materials** tab, you will see a drop-down menu listing the different sub-modules. Choose any one of them by clicking on the desired sub-module heading.



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DATA AVAILABILITY

WHAT?

The **Data availability** sub-module gives an overview of the data available in Market Access Map. Availability is shown for:

- [Most favoured nation \(MFN\) applied tariffs](#)
- [Preferential tariffs](#)
- [Tariff rate quotas](#)
- [Trade remedies](#)
- [Final bound rates](#)
- [Non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#)
- Yearly trade flows

For **MFN applied tariffs**, **Preferential tariffs**, **Tariff rate quotas** and **Trade remedies**, the data availability table contains the following columns:

- **Country** shows the country for which data availability is given on any particular row
- **Data availability [Year]** shows whether data is available and in what revision. If there is data available for a given **Country** in a particular **[Year]**, the cell will display the [HS revision](#) of the data e.g. in 2007, MFN applied tariffs data for Afghanistan was available in the HS 2002 revision (HS02)

NOTE

Trade remedies include antidumping, countervailing and safeguard duties.

Data availability

This application aims to have the most current information on tariffs (covering MFN rates as well as the tariff preferences arising from numerous bilateral, regional and multilateral trade agreements), non-tariff measures and trade data.

Filters

Country group/Region:

All

Nomenclature/Revision:

All

Data source:

ITC (MAcMap)

MFN applied tariffs

Preferential tariffs

Tariff quota

Trade remedies

Bound tariffs

Non-tariff measures

Yearly trade flows

CSV

Country	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Afghanistan		HS02	HS02	HS07				HS12	
Albania							HS07	HS12	
Algeria	HS02	HS02	HS07	HS07	HS07				
Angola	HS02	HS02		HS07	HS07				
Anguilla								HS07	HS07
Antigua and Barbuda		HS96	HS96	HS96				HS96	HS96
Argentina	HS02	HS02	HS02	HS07	HS07	HS07	HS07	HS07	
Armenia		HS02						HS07	HS07
Aruba							HS07	HS07	HS07
Australia	HS02	HS02	HS07		HS07		HS07		

For **Final bound rates** the data availability table simply list the available countries Market Access Map shows all final bound rates in HS revision 2002.

For **Non-tariff measures**, the data availability table contains the following columns:

- **Country** shows the country for which NTM data availability is given on any particular row
- **Data availability [Year]** shows whether NTM data is available and whether it concerns:
 - o **Measures regulating imports** e.g. Egyptian companies buying fertilizer abroad and importing this fertilizer into Egypt do so according to measures regulating imports
 - o **Measures regulating exports** e.g. the same companies exporting oranges from Egypt do so according to measures regulating exports
 - o **Measures regulating imports and exports**

For **Yearly trade flows** data, you may choose to display data availability by selecting ☐ By nomenclature ☒ By trade flow at the top left corner of the table. You can select:

- **By nomenclature.** Here data may be available in multiple revisions for a given **[Year]** e.g. Benin trade data for 2008 is available in HS revisions HS92, HS96, HS02, HS07, HS12.

MFN applied tariffs	Preferential tariffs	Tariff quota	Trade remedies	Bound tariffs	Non-tariff measures	Yearly trade flows
☒ By nomenclature ☐ By trade flow						
 						
Country	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
Benin	HS96			HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Bermuda	HS96,HS02	HS96,HS02	HS96,HS02	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Bhutan				HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	HS96,HS02	HS96,HS02	HS02,HS07	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	HS96,HS02	HS96,HS02	HS96,HS02	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Botswana	HS96	HS96	HS96	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Bouvet Island				HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Brazil	HS96,HS02	HS96,HS02	HS96,HS02	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
British Indian Ocean Territory				HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Brunei Darussalam		HS96		HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Bulgaria	HS96,HS02	HS96,HS02	HS02,HS07	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Burkina Faso				HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	
Burundi	HS96	HS96,HS02	HS96,HS02	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	HS92,HS96,HS02,HS07,HS12	

- **By trade flow.** Here the data availability table indicates whether data is available for **Export**, **Import** or both.

NOTE

Product nomenclature codes may include [SITC](#) revisions, denoted as S1 (revision 1), S2, S3 and S4.

HOW?

- To change the type of data displayed in the table, click the desired tab on the horizontal tab right above the table
- Click on the column headings to sort the results in the table
- You can set multiple **Filters** at the same time to narrow your search by selecting your preferred criteria from the drop-down menus to the left of the table. Depending on the data type you have selected on top of the data availability table, you can filter according to:
 1. **Country group/Region**
 2. **Nomenclature/Revision**

The filter values are set to “All” by default.

At the bottom of the data availability table, the **Total countries** row indicates the total number of countries for which data is available in a particular **[Year]** column.

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PRODUCT NOMENCLATURES

WHAT?

The **Product nomenclatures** sub-module provides the following set of options for you to search and download the product codes and descriptions you are interested in.

- **Search by keyword** lets you find the [Harmonized System \(HS\)](#) and [National tariff line](#) code of one or multiple products by typing one or multiple words contained in its description
- **Search by hierarchy** lets you find a specific product by drilling in the HS classification from a higher to a lower hierarchical level (down to a maximum of 6 digit product codes)
- **Conversions** allow you to use correspondence tables between all revisions of the Harmonized System (HS) Nomenclature (from 1992 to 2012) as well as correspondence tables between various nomenclatures (HS-[SITC](#) and HS-[ISIC](#))
- **Download** lets you find and export full HS nomenclatures and NTL codes and descriptions

HOW?

Search by keyword

1. Choose the product level you are interested in (HS or NTL product codes and descriptions). If you select **National tariff line code**, you should also specify for which country and which year you would like to perform your keyword search (remember that NTL codes and corresponding descriptions can differ among countries).
2. Type the word(s) you would like to find in the product description

Search by keyword

Search by hierarchy

Conversions

Download

☒ HS nomenclature
 ☐ National tariff line code

Search:

Search dates dried

Product code	Product description	Revision
		All
0804	Dates , figs, pineapples, avocados, guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, fresh or dried	HS Rev.1992, HS Rev.1996, HS Rev.2002, HS Rev.2007, HS Rev.2012
080410	Dates , fresh or dried	HS Rev.1992, HS Rev.1996, HS Rev.2002, HS Rev.2007, HS Rev.2012

In the result table you can find all the product descriptions that include at least one of the words you typed. In the last column you can also see in which HS revision the corresponding product was found.

Search by hierarchy

Drill down from the HS section level to the HS6 level to find your product code or description by clicking on the arrow on the left side of each item

Search by keyword

Search by hierarchy

Conversions

Download

- ▶ 01 - Live animals
- ▶ 02 - Meat and edible meat offal
- ▶ 03 - Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates
- ▶ 04 - Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified
- ▶ 05 - Products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included
- ▶ 06 - Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornamental foliage
- ▶ 07 - Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers
- ▲ 08 - Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruits or melons
 - ▶ 0801 - Coconuts, brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled
 - ▶ 0802 - Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled
 - ▶ 0803 - Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried
 - ▲ 0804 - Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados, guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, fresh or dried
 - 080410 - Fresh or dried dates

Conversions

1. **Select nomenclature** that you want to convert in the left drop-down menu e.g. HS Rev. 2007
2. Select the **HS revision** you want to convert into through the **Show correspondence with** drop-down menu on the right e.g. HS Rev. 2012

NOTE

You can select different nomenclatures (HS, SITC and ISIC) in the left drop down list called **Select nomenclature**.

The resulting conversion table shows the correspondence of all products from the revision you selected (on the left) with its counterpart (on the right).

To filter for particular products within a nomenclature, enter a search in one of the column headings and press .

You can download the resulting conversion table in Excel or .CSV by pressing the   icons on the top left of the screen.

Search by keyword
Search by hierarchy
Conversions
Download

Select nomenclature:
HS Rev.2007

Show correspondence with:
HS Rev.2012

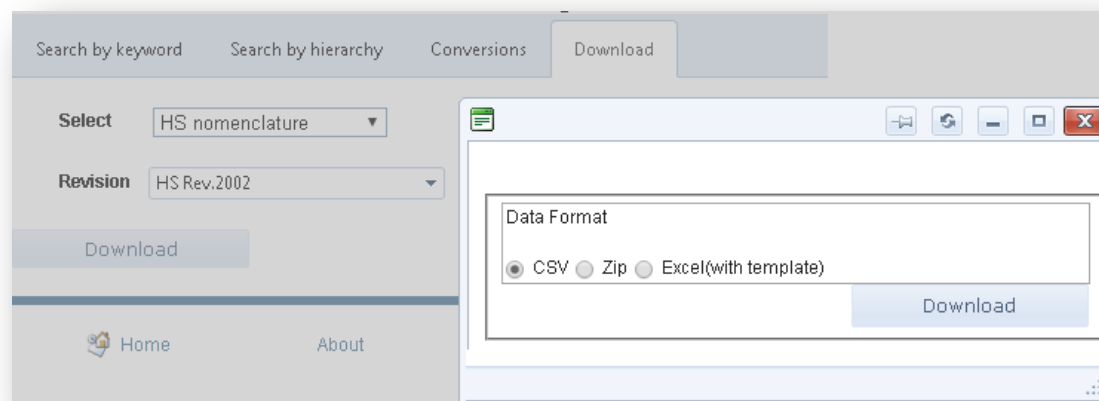
Download full table




HS Rev.2007 Product code	HS Rev.2007 Product description	HS Rev.2012 Product code	HS Rev.2012 Product description
070990			
070990	Fresh or chilled vegetables (excl. potatoes, tomatoes, vegetables of the Allium spp., cabbages of the genus Brassica, lettuces of the species Lactuca sativa and Cichorium, carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, cucumbers and gherkins, leguminous vegetables, asparagus, aubergines, mushrooms, truffles, fruits of the genus Capsicum or of the genus Pimenta, spinach, New Zealand spinach and orache spinach)	070991	Fresh or chilled globe artichokes
070990	Fresh or chilled vegetables (excl. potatoes, tomatoes, vegetables of the Allium spp., cabbages of the genus Brassica, lettuces of the species Lactuca sativa and Cichorium, carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, cucumbers and gherkins, leguminous vegetables, asparagus, aubergines, mushrooms, truffles, fruits of the genus Capsicum or of the genus Pimenta, spinach, New Zealand spinach and orache spinach)	070992	Fresh or chilled olives

Download

- Choose the product level you are interested in (HS or NTL product codes and descriptions). If you select **National tariff line** you need to specify for which country and year you would like to download the full list of product codes and descriptions.
- Select in which format would you like to export your data and then click on **Download**



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TIPS & TRICKS

NUMBERED INSTRUCTIONS

*The numbered **HOW?** instructions must be followed step-by-step. For example, in **Find tariffs** you will not be able to select the **Year** before having selected the **Importing country**, as the availability of data by year is conditional upon the country selected. Similarly, you cannot select a **Product** before having selected the **Importing country***

Importing country:*

Year:*

Product:*

Exporting country:

Selected datasource: ITC (MAcMap) data complemented by WTO (IDB) data for missing country-years

You can change your default datasource [here](#).

* Indicates mandatory fields

WORLD VS. ALL

In several sub-modules throughout the application, you can select both **World** and **All** as the partner country. **All** selects every country individually and lists them in the result page. **World** will calculate an average (or sum, depending on the data) of all partner countries.

THE NAVIGATION BAR

The navigation bar at the bottom of each result table allows you to navigate between result pages and select the maximum number of items per page via the **Page size** drop-down menu.



If you are using a slow internet connection (dial-up), we recommend that you decrease the number of countries shown per page to avoid long loading times.

SORTING RESULTS

*In a **results table** you can change the ordering of the listed variables by clicking on any column heading. The table will be re-ordered according to the values in this column. If you click the same heading once more, the order will reverse.*

EUROPEAN UNION

If you are looking for tariff rates or [non-tariff measures \(NTMs\)](#) / regulations applied by the EU, you can select any member country as EU trade policy is decided at the EU level and is identical for each member country.

*We also recommend using **EU Export Helpdesk** (<http://exporthelp.europa.eu/>) – a one-stop-shop for the EU tariffs, requirements, preferential arrangements, quotas and statistics.*

E-LEARNING

Market Access Map includes many training materials that further explain market access and trade concepts through both theory and indepth examples. All video tutorials and training materials are available on the [ITC Market Analysis e-Learning Platform](#). For certain sub-modules, video tutorials display step-by-step use of the application. These can be accessed directly from the relevant sub-module.

WELCOME

Market Analysis Tools Training Sources

TRADE MAP

Trade statistics for international business development

MARKET ACCESS MAP

Making market access barriers transparent

INVESTMENT MAP

For better identification of investment opportunities

WEBINAR

Video conference training

ADVANCED

Market Access Map

Making market access barriers transparent

Market Access Map is an interactive web-based analysis tool containing information on customs tariffs and other market access measures such as regional and bilateral trade agreements applied by 187 importing countries to the products exported by more than 239 countries and territories.



Introduction to customs tariffs and Market Access Map.



LEARNING STEPS

1. To watch all the video tutorials which have been divided into 3 different modules
2. Upon watching all the video tutorials listed for each module, you should complete the practical exercise

STILL HAVE QUESTIONS?

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